PHANTOM Series PS1000
25 Watt VHF/FM
Marine Transceiver

Owner's Manual

- Hide away black box VHF specifically designed for vessels with limited mounting space
- Supplied with a enhanced RAM+ remote control microphone
- RTCM SC-101 DSC Distress call with your exact position*
- DSC position request/send function and NMEA data input/output to connect to GPS Plotter
- DSC Group call feature included
- Channel Name, GPS Time or GPS Position Repeating shown on the display*
- One-button access to Channel 16 and 9
- NOAA Weather Alert
- Versatile User-programmable Scan, Priority Scan and Dual Watch
- Access to all US, Canadian and International Channels
- 3 year waterproof warranty
* with GPS connected
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 GENERAL INFORMATION ...................................................................................... 4  
2 PACKING LIST ........................................................................................................ 4  
3 OPTIONS ................................................................................................................. 4  
4 SAFETY / WARNING INFORMATION ...................................................................... 5  
5 FCC RADIO LICENSE INFORMATION ...................................................................... 6  
6 FCC NOTICE ........................................................................................................... 7  
7 GETTING STARTED ................................................................................................ 8  
  7.1 ABOUT VHF RADIO ...................................................................................... 8  
  7.2 SELECTING AN ANTENNA ........................................................................... 8  
  7.3 COAXIAL CABLE ............................................................................................ 9  
8 INSTALLATION ...................................................................................................... 10  
  8.1 LOCATION ..................................................................................................... 10  
  8.2 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS ..................................................................... 10  
  8.3 CMP25 RAM+ MICROPHONE INSTALLATION ............................................ 11  
  8.4 ACCESSORY CABLE ................................................................................... 12  
  8.5 CONNECTION OF GPS WITH NMEA OUTPUT ...................................... 13  
  8.6 CHECKING GPS CONNECTIONS .................................................................. 13  
  8.7 CHANGING THE GPS TIME ....................................................................... 14  
  8.8 CHANGING COG TO TRUE OR MAGNETIC ........................................... 15  
  8.9 CHANGING GPS INFORMATION TO VESSEL POSITION OR COG ..... 15  
  8.10 OPTIONAL MMB-84 FLUSH MOUNT INSTALLATION .............................. 16  
9 CONTROLS AND INDICATORS ............................................................................ 18  
  9.1 PHANTOM PS1000 TRANSCEIVER ............................................................ 18  
  9.2 CMP25 RAM+ MICROPHONE ...................................................................... 20  
10 BASIC OPERATION .............................................................................................. 22  
  10.1 RECEPTION .................................................................................................. 22  
  10.2 TRANSMISSION ............................................................................................ 22  
  10.3 TRANSMIT TIME-OUT TIMER (TOT) .......................................................... 22  
  10.4 SIMPLEX / DUPLEX CHANNEL USE .......................................................... 23  
  10.5 USA, CANADA, AND INTERNATIONAL MODE .......................................... 23  
  10.6 NOAA WEATHER CHANNELS .................................................................... 23  
    10.6.1 NOAA Weather Alert ............................................................................ 23  
    10.6.2 NOAA Weather Alert Testing ............................................................... 24  
  10.7 EMERGENCY (CHANNEL 16 USE) ............................................................ 24  
  10.8 CALLING ANOTHER VESSEL (CHANNEL 16 OR 9) ................................ 25  
  10.9 MAKING TELEPHONE CALLS .................................................................. 26  
  10.10 OPERATING ON CHANNELS 13 AND 67 .............................................. 26  
  10.11 DUAL WATCH (TO CHANNEL 16) ........................................................... 26  
  10.12 SCANNING .................................................................................................. 27  
    10.12.1 Selecting the Scan Type ...................................................................... 27  
    10.12.2 Memory Scanning (M-SCAN) ............................................................. 27  
    10.12.3 Priority Scanning (P-SCAN) ............................................................... 28  
  10.13 NAVIGATION INDICATION ...................................................................... 29
1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The **Phantom PS1000** is an RTCM SC-101 DSC Hide away black box VHF specifically designed for vessels with limited mounting space. It is supplied with a RAM+ microphone that can control all radio, DSC (including Distress), from any remote location aboard, at the Nav station, cockpit, tower or lower helm station.

The **Phantom PS1000** also has Standard’s DSC position polling feature, which will allows you to contact another vessel equipped with a DSC radio that has this feature and show that vessels position on the display of the RAM+. When interfaced with a Standard Horizon GPS chart plotter the polled vessels position will also show up on the display of the chart plotter.

2 PACKING LIST

When the package containing the transceiver is first opened, please check it for the following contents:

- **Phantom PS1000** Transceiver
- **CMP25** Remote-Access Microphone (RAM+ Mic, Black/White)
- Power Cord
- Mounting Bracket and hardware
- Owner’s Manual
- DSC Warning Sticker

3 OPTIONS

- **MMB-84** ................................................................. Flush-Mount Bracket
- **CT-100** ............................................................. 23 feet Extension Cable for RAM+ Mic
- **MLS-310** .......................................................... External Speaker with 10 Watt Amplifier
- **MLS-300** .......................................................... External Loudspeaker
- **101W** .............................................................. White Extension Speaker
4 SAFETY / WARNING INFORMATION

This radio is restricted to occupational use, work related operations only where the radio operator must have the knowledge to control the exposure conditions of its passengers and bystanders by maintaining the minimum separation distance of 0.6 m (2 feet).

Failure to observe these restrictions will result in exceeding the FCC RF exposure limits.

Antenna Installation:
The antenna must be located at least 0.6 m (2 feet) away from passengers in order to comply with the FCC RF exposure requirements.

ON-LINE WARRANTY REGISTRATION

Please visit www.standardhorizon.com to register the Phantom PS1000 Marine VHF. It should be noted that visiting the Web site from time to time may be beneficial to you, as new products are released they will appear on the Marine Division of Vertex Standard Web site.

PRODUCT SUPPORT INQUIRIES
If you have any questions or comments regarding the use of the Phantom PS1000, you can visit the Marine Division of Vertex Standard Web site to send an E-Mail or contact the Product Support team at 800-767-2450 M-F 7:00-5:00PST.
5 FCC RADIO LICENSE INFORMATION

Vertex Standard radios comply with the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) requirements that regulate the Maritime Radio Service.

STATION LICENSE

An FCC ship station license is no longer required for any vessel traveling in U.S. waters (except Hawaii) which is under 20 meters in length. However, any vessel required to carry a marine radio on an international voyage, carrying a HF single side band radiotelephone or marine satellite terminal is required to have a ship station license. FCC license forms, including applications for ship (506) and land station licenses can be downloaded via the Internet at www.fcc.gov/forms. To obtain a form from the FCC, call (888) 225-5322.

RADIO CALL SIGN

Currently the FCC does not require recreational boaters to have a Ship Radio Station License. The USCG recommends the boats registration number and the state to be used.

CANADIAN SHIP STATION LICENSING

You may need a license when traveling in Canada. If you do need a license contact their nearest field office or regional office or write:

Industry Canada
Radio Regulatory Branch
Attn: DOSP
300 Slater Street
Ottawa, Ontario
Canada, KIA 0C8

FCC / INDUSTRY CANADA INFORMATION

The following data pertaining to the transceiver is necessary to fill out the license application.

Type Acceptance ................................................................. FCC Part 80
Output Power ..................................................... 1 Watt (low) and 25 Watts (high)
Emission ................................................................. 16K0G3E, 16K0G2B
Frequency Range ........................................... 156.025 to 163.275 MHz
FCC Type Number .......................................................... K6630053X30
Industry Canada Type Approval .......................... 511B-30053X30
## 6 FCC NOTICE

### NOTICE

Unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment may void compliance with FCC Rules. Any change or modification must be approved in writing by Marine Division of Vertex Standard.

### NOTICE

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
7 GETTING STARTED

7.1 ABOUT VHF RADIO
The radio frequencies used in the VHF marine band lie between 156 and 158 MHz with some shore stations available between 161 and 163 MHz. The marine VHF band provides communications over distances that are essentially “line of sight” (VHF signals do not travel well through objects such as buildings, hills or trees). Actual transmission range depends much more on antenna type, gain and height than on the power output of the transmitter. On a fixed mount 25W radio transmission expected distances can be greater than 15 miles.

7.2 SELECTING AN ANTENNA
Marine antennas are made to radiate signals equally in all horizontal directions, but not straight up. The objective of a marine antenna is to enhance the signal toward the horizon. The degree to which this is accomplished is called the antenna’s gain. It is measured in decibels (dB) and is one of the major factors in choosing an antenna. In terms of effective radiated power (ERP), antennas are rated on the basis of how much gain they have over a theoretical antenna with zero gain. A 3 foot, 3dB gain antenna represents twice as much gain over the imaginary antenna.

Typically a 3 foot 3dB gain stainless steel whip is used on a sailboat mast. The longer 8 foot 6dB fiberglass whip is primarily used on power boats that require the additional gain.
7.3 COAXIAL CABLE

VHF antennas are connected to the transceiver by means of a coaxial cable – a shielded transmission line. Coaxial cable is specified by its diameter and construction.

For runs less than 20 feet, RG-58/U, about 1/4 inch in diameter is a good choice. For runs over 20 feet but less than 50 feet, the larger RG-8X or RG-213/U should be used for cable runs over 50 feet RG-8X should be used. For installation of the connector onto the coaxial cable refer to the figure below.

To get your coax cable through a fitting and into your boat’s interior, you may have to cut off the end plug and reattach it later. You can do this if you follow the directions that come with the connector. Be sure to make good soldered connections.
8 INSTALLATION

8.1 LOCATION
The radio can be mounted at any angle. Choose a mounting location that:
• is far enough from any compass to avoid any deviation in compass reading due to the speaker magnet
• allows connection to a power source and an antenna
• It is recommended not to mount the antenna closer than three feet from the Phantom PS1000.

Note: To insure the radio does not affect the compass or radios performance is not affected by the antenna location, temporarily connect the radio in the desired location and:
  a. Examine the compass to see if the radio causes any deviation
  b. Connect the antenna and key the radio. Check to ensure the radio is operating correctly by requesting a radio check.

8.2 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

CAUTION
Reverse polarity connections will damage the radio!

Connect the CMP25 RAM+ microphone, power cord, and antenna to the radio as shown below:

Figure 1. General Installation

1. Mount the antenna at least 3 feet away from the radio. At the rear of the radio, connect the antenna cable. It must have a PL259 connector. RG-8/U coaxial cable must be used if the antenna is 25 feet or more from the radio. RG58 cable can be used for distances less than 25 feet.
2. Connect the red power wire to a 13.8 VDC ±20% power source. Connect the black power wire to a negative ground.
3. If an optional remote extension speaker is to be used, refer to next section for connections.
4. It is advisable to have a Certified Marine Technician check the power output and the standing wave ratio of the antenna after installation.

### 8.3 CMP25 RAM+ MICROPHONE INSTALLATION

1. Connect the RAM+ MIC Cable to the **RAM MIC CONNECTOR** on the rear panel of the **Phantom PS1000**, then tighten the Cable Nut (See Figure 2).
2. Referring to Figure 3, make a 1.2” (30 mm) hole in the wall, then insert the RAM+ MIC Cable into this hole. Connect the Gasket and Mount Base to the RAM+ MIC Cable Connector using the Nut.
3. Drill the four Screw holes (approx. 2 mm) on the wall, then install the Mounting Base to the wall using four screws.
4. Connect the **CMP25** RAM+ Microphone to the RAM+ MIC Cable Connector. The installation is now complete.
5. Wires for a external speaker are provided on the RAM+ mic cable. Connect any 8 Ohm external speaker. When connected the RAM+ controls the volume level of this speaker.

![Figure 2](image-url)

![Figure 3](image-url)
RAM+ or External Speaker Selection
By default the CMP25 RAM+ internal speaker is turned on, however using the RAM+ mic this speaker can be turned off so the external speaker can be used.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “EXT SPK” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▲] or [▼] key to turn the External Speaker “on.”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.

8.4 ACCESSORY CABLE
Blue: NMEA IN (+) from GPS navigation receiver
Green: NMEA IN (–) from GPS navigation receiver
Gray: NMEA OUT (+) to GPS navigation receiver
Brown: NMEA OUT (–) to GPS navigation receiver

When connecting the GPS navigation receiver, strip off about 1 inch (2.5 cm) of the specified wire’s insulation, then splice the ends together using proper waterproofing techniques.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire Color/Description</th>
<th>Connection Examples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BLUE- NMEA Input (+)</td>
<td>Connect to NMEA (+) output of GPS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GREEN - NMEA Input (–)</td>
<td>Connect to NMEA (–) output of GPS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRAY- NMEA Output (+)</td>
<td>Connect to NMEA (+) input of GPS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BROWN-NMEA Output (–)</td>
<td>Connect to NMEA (–) input of GPS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.5 CONNECTION OF GPS WITH NMEA OUTPUT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer/Model</th>
<th>Wires</th>
<th>PS1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STANDARD HORIZON</td>
<td>Green Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blue Gray</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brown Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furuno GP30, 36</td>
<td>White Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blue Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furuno GP1650, 1850</td>
<td>White Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garmin Fixed Mounts</td>
<td>Blue Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black (GND) Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garmin Portables</td>
<td>Brown Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black (GND) Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JRC GPS500</td>
<td>Yellow Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Green Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JRC 100 SERIES</td>
<td>Green Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JRC 200 SERIES</td>
<td>White Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lowrance Fixed Mounts</td>
<td>White Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black (GND) Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer/Model</td>
<td>Wires</td>
<td>PS1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lowrance Portable</td>
<td>Orange Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magellan Fixed Mount</td>
<td>Gray Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magellan Portable</td>
<td>Orange Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northstar</td>
<td>Yellow Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black (GND) Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raytheon 420</td>
<td>Yellow Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brown Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raytheon 520 / 620</td>
<td>Blue Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brown Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raytheon RL SERIES</td>
<td>White Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brown Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simrad</td>
<td>White Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brown Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitex Neptune, Nautilus</td>
<td>Gray Blue</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brown Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The GPS must have the NMEA Output turned on and set to 4800 Baud in the setup menu. If there is a selection for parity select none.
- For further information on interfacing /setting up your GPS. Please contact the manufacturer of the GPS receiver.
- **Phantom PS1000** can read NMEA-0183 version 2.0 or higher.
- The NMEA supported sentences are:
  - Input: GLL, GGA, RMC and GNS (RMC sentence is recommended)
  - Output: DSC and DSE
  (DSC sentences to Standard Horizon Plotter for Position Polling)

If you have further inquiries, please feel free to contact Product Support at:
Phone: (800) 767-2450
Email: marinetech@vxstdusa.com

8.6 CHECKING GPS CONNECTIONS

After battery, GPS and the RAM+ microphone(s) have been connected, press the power switch on the **Phantom PS1000** and press and hold the power key on a RAM+ mic, a small satellite icon will apper on the top right corner of the LCD display. To see additional GPS information, press the [NAV] key momentarily. The **Phantom PS1000** shows “time,” “latitude,” and “Longitude” alternately every two seconds.

To hide the navigation information, press the [NAV] key again.
8.7 CHANGING THE TIME OFFSET
A GPS supplies UTC time to the radio. To show the correct time an offset will need to be entered using the following procedure.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL SET MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL SET MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “TIME” menu.
3. Press the [CALL SET MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select time offset from UTC. See illustration below to find your offset time from UTC. If “00” is assigned, the time is the same as UTC (Universal Time Coordinated or GMT Greenwich Mean Time).
5. Press the [CALL SET MENU] key to store the time offset.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.
8.8 CHANGING COG TO TRUE OR MAGNETIC

Allows customizing the NAV data showing GPS Course Over Ground (COG). Factory default is “True,” however, following the steps below the COG can be changed to “Magnetic.”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “MAGNETIC” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “on (Magnetic)” or “of (True).”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.

8.9 CHANGING GPS INFORMATION TO VESSEL POSITION OR COG

Allows customizing the NAV data showing GPS Information. Factory default is “Your Vessel’s Current Position,” however, following the steps below the GPS Information can be changed to Cruise Information (COG: Course Over Ground and SOG: Speed Over Ground).”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “NAV DISPLAY” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “Pos (Your Vessel’s Current Position)” or “Cru (Course Over Ground).”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.
8.10 OPTIONAL MMB-84 FLUSH MOUNT INSTALLATION

1. To assist in flush mounting, a template has been included. Use this template to find the mounting location.

2. Use the template to mark the location where the rectangular hole is to be cut. Confirm the space behind the dash or panel is deep enough to accommodate the transceiver (at least 15 cm deep). There should be at least 1 cm between the transceiver’s heatsink and any wiring, cables or structures.

3. Cut out the rectangular hole and insert the transceiver.

4. Fasten the brackets to the sides of the transceiver with the lock washer nut combination; so that the mounting screw base faces the mounting surface (see Figure 4).

5. Turn the adjusting screw to adjust the tension so that the transceiver is tight against the mounting surface.

![Figure 4. MMB-84 Flush Mount Installation](image-url)
9 CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

NOTE

This section defines each control, switch, and connector of the Phantom PS1000 Transceiver and CMP25 RAM+ Microphone. For detailed operating instructions refer to section “10. BASIC OPERATION.”

9.1 PHANTOM PS1000 TRANSCEIVER
① PWR key

**NOTE**

The **Phantom PS1000** is designed to be flush mounted or bracket mounted in a dry cool area when there is limited mounting areas. When it is bracket mounted the power switch on the **Phantom PS1000** is not used instead use the **PWR key** located on the top of the RAM+ mic(s).

Turns the transceiver on and off. To turn the transceiver on, press and hold this key until this switch illuminates orange. To turn it off, press and hold this key until the illumination turns off. When the power is turned on, the transceiver is set to the last selected channel. This switch is connected in parallel with the switch with the same name on the front panel of the **CMP25 RAM+ Microphone**.

② **RAM+ MIC CONNECTOR**
Connects the **Phantom PS1000** to the **CMP25 RAM+ Microphone**.

③ **ACCESSORY CONNECTION CABLE**
Connects the **Phantom PS1000** to a GPS. See section “3. OPTION” for a list of speakers **STANDARD HORIZON** offers.

④ **DC INPUT CABLE**
Connects the radio to a DC power supply capable of delivering 12V DC.

⑤ **ANTENNA JACK**
Connects an antenna to the transceiver. Use a marine VHF antenna with an impedance of 50 ohms.
9.2 CMP25 RAM+ MICROPHONE

① SQUELCH CONTROL (SQL)
Activates the squelch adjusting mode.
Press this key to activate the squelch adjusting mode. Press the [▲] or [▼] key to adjust the squelch.

② VOLUME KEY (VOL)
Activates the volume adjusting mode.
Press this key to activate the volume adjusting mode. Press the [▲] or [▼] to adjust the volume.

③ POWER SWITCH (PWR)
Press and hold down this key to turn to the transceiver and RAM+ Mic on and off.

④ PTT (Push-To-Talk) SWITCH
Activates transmission.

⑤ [H/L] KEY
Toggles between high and low power. When the [H/L] key is pressed while the transceiver is on channel 13 or 67, the power will temporarily switch from “LO” to “HI” power until the PTT is released. The [H/L] key does not function on transmit inhibited and low power only channels.

⑥ [▲] / [▼] KEY
These keys are used to select channels, adjust the volume and squelch level, and to choose the item selection of different functions (such as the DSC operation).

⑦ [16/9] KEY
Immediately recalls channel 16 from any channel location. Holding down this key recalls channel 9. Pressing the [16/9] key reverts to the previous selected working channel.

Secondary use
Press and hold the [16/9] key then press the [WX] key to switch the USA, International or Canadian channels.
KEY PAD

[SCAN] Key
- Starts and stops scanning of programmed channels.
- If held while the [▲] or [▼] key is pressed, the radio will show the channels programmed in scan memory. This function will not work if the unit is scanning.

NOTE: The priority channel is Channel 16 only.

Secondary use
Press and hold the [SCAN] key to program the current channel into the Scan Memory.

[CALL(SET)MENU] Key
The [CALL(SET)MENU] key functions as the enter key.

Secondary use
Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to access the DSC OPERATION menu. The “INDIVIDUAL CALL,” “GROUP CALL,” “ALL SHIP CALL,” “POSITION REQUEST,” and “POSITION SEND” functions can be accessed from the DSC OPERATION menu.
Press and hold the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to access the RADIO SETUP (refer to section “8”) or DSC SETUP menu (refer to section 7).

[DW(IC)] Key
Watches for a transmission on CH16 and another selected channel until either signal is received. (Dual watch)

NOTE: When the DSC SCANNING feature is enabled (see section “7.2 DSC SCAN”), the radio watches for a transmission on CH16, another selected channel, and CH70 until either signal is received (Triple watch).

[NAV] Key
Press the [NAV] key, when connected to the GPS receiver, the LCD displays Position Information or Cruise Information from the GPS.

[WX] Key
Immediately recalls the previously selected US NOAA weather channel from any channel location.

Secondary use
Holding down the [16/9] key while pressing the [WX] key switch the Channel Group.

[DISTRESS] KEY
Used to send a DSC Distress Call. To send the distress call refer to section “11.4.1. Transmitting a DSC Distress Call.”
10 BASIC OPERATION

10.1 RECEPTION
1. After the transceiver has been installed, ensure that the power supply and antenna are properly connected.
2. Press and hold the [PWR] key on the RAM+ mic or on the front panel of the Phantom PS1000 until the radio turns on.
3. Press the [SQL] key, then press the [▼] key until the “BUSY” icon will appears. This state is known as “squelch off”.
4. Press the [VOL] key, then press the [▼] key until the noise or audio from the speaker is at a comfortable level.
5. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the clear channel.
6. Press the [SQL] key, then press the [▲] until the random noise disappears (and “BUSY” icon will disappears). This state is known as the “squelch threshold.”
7. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the desired channel. Refer to the channel chart on page 61 for available channels.
8. When a message is received, adjust the volume to the desired listening level. The “BUSY” indicator in the LCD is displayed indicating that the channel is being used.

10.2 TRANSMISSION
1. Perform steps 1 through 7 of RECEPTION.
2. Before transmitting, monitor the channel to ensure it is clear. **THIS IS AN FCC REQUIREMENT!**
3. Press the PTT (push-to-talk) switch. The “TX” indicator in the LCD is displayed.
4. Speak slowly and clearly into the microphone.
5. When the transmission is finished, release the PTT switch.

10.3 TRANSMIT TIME - OUT TIMER (TOT)
When the PTT switch on the microphone is held down, transmit time is limited to 5 minutes. This limits unintentional transmissions due to a stuck microphone. About 10 seconds before automatic transmitter shutdown, a warning beep will be heard from the speaker(s). The transceiver will automatically go to receive mode, even if the PTT switch is continually held down. Before transmitting again, the PTT switch must first be released and then pressed again.
10.4 SIMPLEX/DUPLEX CHANNEL USE
Refer to the VHF MARINE CHANNEL CHART (page 57) for instructions on use of simplex and duplex channels.

NOTE
All channels are factory-programmed in accordance with International, Industry Canada (Canada), and FCC (USA) regulations. Mode of operation cannot be altered from simplex to duplex or vice-versa.

10.5 INTERNATIONAL, USA, AND CANADA MODE
1. To change the modes, hold the [16/9] key and press the [WX] key. The mode changes from “USA” to “International” to “Canadian” with each press of the [WX] key.
2. “U” will be displayed on the LCD for USA mode, and “I” will be displayed for International mode, and “C” will be displayed for Canadian mode.
3. Refer to the VHF MARINE CHANNEL CHART (page 57) for allocated channels in each mode.

10.6 NOAA WEATHER CHANNELS

NOTE
NOAA Weather channels are available in the waters of USA and Canada only.

1. To receive a NOAA weather channel, press the [WX] key from any channel. The transceiver will go to the last selected weather channel.
2. Press the [▲] or [▼] keys to select a different NOAA weather channel.
3. To exit from the NOAA weather channels, press the [WX] key. The transceiver returns to the channel it was on prior to a weather channel.

10.6.1 NOAA Weather Alert
In the event of extreme weather disturbances, such as storms and hurricanes, the NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration) sends a weather alert accompanied by a 1050 Hz tone and subsequent weather report on one of the NOAA weather channels. When the Weather Alert feature is enabled (see section “11.9 WX ALERT”), the transceiver is capable of receiving this alert if the following is performed:

1. Program NOAA weather channels into the transceiver’s memory for scanning. Follow the same procedure as for regular channels under section “10.12 SCANNING.”
2. Press the [SCAN] key once to start memory scanning or hold down the [SCAN] key during memory scanning to start priority scanning.
3. The programmed NOAA weather channels will be scanned along with the regular-programmed channels. However, scanning will not stop on a normal weather broadcast unless a NOAA alert is received.

4. When an alert is received on a NOAA weather channel, scanning will stop and the transceiver will emit a loud beep to alert the user of a NOAA broadcast.

5. Press the [WX] key to stop the alert tone and receive the weather report.

   **NOTE**

   If the [WX] key is not pressed the alert tone will be emitted for 5 minutes and the weather report will be received.

10.6.2 NOAA Weather Alert Testing

NOAA tests the alert system ever Wednesday between 11AM and 1PM. To test the Phantom PS1000’s NOAA Weather feature, on Wednesday between 11AM and 1PM, setup as in previous section and confirm the alert is heard.

10.7 EMERGENCY (CHANNEL 16 USE)

Channel 16 is known as the Hail and Distress Channel. An emergency is defined as a threat to life or property. In such instances, be sure the transceiver is on and set to CHANNEL 16. Then use the following procedure:

1. Press the microphone push-to-talk switch and say “Mayday, Mayday, Mayday. This is ______, ______, ______” (your vessel’s name).
2. Then repeat once: “Mayday, ______” (your vessel’s name).
3. Now report your position in latitude/longitude, or by giving a true or magnetic bearing (state which) to a well-known landmark such as a navigation aid or geographic feature such as an island or harbor entry.
4. Explain the nature of your distress (sinking, collision, aground, fire, heart attack, life-threatening injury, etc.).
5. State the kind of assistance your desire (pumps, medical aid, etc.).
6. Report the number of persons aboard and condition of any injured.
7. Estimate the present seaworthiness and condition of your vessel.
8. Give your vessel’s description: length, design (power or sail), color and other distinguishing marks. The total transmission should not exceed 1 minute.
9. End the message by saying “OVER.” Release the microphone button and listen.
10. If there is no answer, repeat the above procedure. If there is still no response, try another channel.
10.8 CALLING ANOTHER VESSEL (CHANNEL 16 OR 9)
Channel 16 may be used for initial contact (hailing) with another vessel.

However, its most important use is for emergency messages. This channel must be monitored at all times except when actually using another channel.

It is monitored by the U.S. and Canadian Coast Guards and by other vessels. **Use of channel 16 for hailing must be limited to initial contact only.** Calling should not exceed 30 seconds, but may be repeated 3 times at 2-minute intervals. In areas of heavy radio traffic, congestion on channel 16 resulting from its use as a hailing channel can be reduced significantly in U.S. waters by using channel 9 as the initial contact (hailing) channel for non-emergency communications. Here, also, calling time should not exceed 30 seconds but may be repeated 3 times at 2-minute intervals.

Prior to making contact with another vessel, refer to the channel charts in this manual, and select an appropriate channel for communications after initial contact. For example, Channels 68 and 69 are some of the channels available to non-commercial (recreational) boaters. Monitor your desired channel in advance to make sure you will not be interrupting other traffic, and then go back to either channel 16 or 9 for your initial contact.

When the hailing channel (16 or 9) is clear, state the name of the other vessel you wish to call and then “this is” followed by the name of your vessel and your Station License (Call Sign). When the other vessel returns your call, immediately request another channel by saying “go to,” the number of the other channel, and “over.” Then switch to the new channel. When the new channel is not busy, call the other vessel.

After a transmission, say “over,” and release the microphone's push-to-talk (PTT) switch. When all communication with the other vessel is completed, end the last transmission by stating your Call Sign and the word “out.” Note that it is not necessary to state your Call Sign with each transmission, only at the beginning and end of the contact.

Remember to return to Channel 16 when not using another channel. Some radios automatically monitor Channel 16 even when set to other channels or when scanning.
10.9 MAKING TELEPHONE CALLS
To make a radiotelephone call, use a channel designated for this purpose. The fastest way to learn which channels are used for radiotelephone traffic is to ask at a local marina. Channels available for such traffic are designated Public Correspondence channels on the channel charts in this manual. Some examples for USA use are Channels 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 84, 85, 86, and 87. Call the marine operator and identify yourself by your vessel's name. The marine operator will then ask you how you will pay for the call (telephone credit card, collect, etc.) and then link your radio transmission to the telephone lines.

The marine telephone company managing the VHF channel you are using may charge a link-up fee in addition to the cost of the call.

10.10 OPERATING ON CHANNELS 13 AND 67
Channel 13 is used at docks and bridges and by vessels maneuvering in port. Messages on this channel must concern navigation only, such as meeting and passing in restricted waters.

Channel 67 is used for navigational traffic between vessels.

By regulation, power is normally limited to 1 Watt on these channels. Your radio is programmed to automatically reduce power to this limit on these channels. However, in certain situations it may be necessary to temporarily use a higher power. See page 20 ([H/L] key) for means to temporarily override the low-power limit on these two channels.

10.11 DUAL WATCH (TO CHANNEL 16)
Dual watch allows the radio to monitor one channel and the Priority Channel (Channel 16).

1. Set the squelch level to the “squelch threshold” (the background noise is disappeared).
2. Select the channel you wish to dual watch to “Channel 16.”
3. Press the [DW] key momentarily.
   The Phantom PS1000 will scan between Channel 16 and the channel that was selected in step 2.
   If a transmission is received on the channel selected in step 2, the Phantom PS1000 will dual watch between the working channel and the Channel 16.
4. To stop Dual Watch, press the [DW] key again.
10.12 SCANNING

Allows the user to select the scan type from Memory scan or Priority scan. “Memory scan” scans the channels that were programmed into memory. “Priority scan” scans the channels programmed in memory with the priority channel.

10.12.1 Selecting the Scan Type

Operator can select which is the scanning feature start the “Memory Scan (M-SCAN)” or “Priority Scan (P-SCAN)” when pressing the [SCAN] key.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] key to select “SCAN TYPE” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “PRIORITY” or “MEMORY.”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

You may start the non-selected scanning feature which is determined above procedure by press and holding the [SCAN] key while activating the Scanner.

10.12.2 Memory Scanning (M-SCAN)

1. Set the squelch level to the “squelch threshold” (the background noise is muted).
2. Select a desired channel to be scanned using the [▼] or [▲] key, then press and hold the [SCAN] key. “MEM” will appear on the LCD which indicates the channel has been programmed into the transceivers memory.
3. Repeat step 2 for all the desired channels to be scanned.
4. To DELETE a channel from the transceiver’s memory, select the channel then press and hold the [SCAN] key, “MEM” will disappear in the LCD.
5. To start scanning, press the [SCAN] key momentarily. “M-SCAN” appears on the LCD. Scanning will proceed from the lowest to the highest programmed channel number and will stop on a channel when a transmission is received.
6. The channel number will blink during reception.
7. To stop scanning, press the [SCAN], [CALL(SET)MENU], [WX], [16/9], [DISTRESS], or PTT key.
10.12.3 Priority Scanning (P-SCAN)
The **Phantom PS1000** is set to Channel 16 as the priority channel.

1. Set the squelch level to the “squelch threshold” (the background noise is disappeared).
2. Select a desired channel to be scanned using the [▼] or [▲] key, then press and hold the [SCAN] key. “MEM” will appear on the LCD which indicates the channel has been programmed into the transceivers memory.
3. Repeat step 2 for all the desired channels to be scanned.
4. To DELETE a channel from the transceiver’s memory, select the channel then press and hold the [SCAN] key, “MEM” will disappear in the LCD.
5. To start priority scanning, press the [SCAN] key momentarily (“P-SCAN” appears on the LCD). Scanning will proceed between the memorized channels and the priority channel. CH 16 the priority channel will be scanned after each programmed channel.
6. To stop scanning, press the [SCAN], [CALL(SET)MENU], [WX], [16/9], [DISTRESS], or PTT key.

※: When DSC Scanning method is enabled. The DSC scan is ON in default.

**NOTE**

Triple watch (T/W) means the radio is watching CH70 for DSC Calls.
Dual watch (D/W) means the radio is not watching CH70 for DSC Calls.
10.13 NAVIGATION INDICATION

The transceiver has the ability to display the time and your vessel position (LAT/LON), when connected to a GPS receiver.

1. Press the [NAV] key momentarily, display “time,” “latitude,” and “longitude” informations alternately every two seconds. If the GPS receiver is not receiving a fix, the display will be shown “NO POS” notation in the LCD.

2. To hide the navigation information, press the [NAV] key again.

You may display the COG (Course Over Ground) data in the LCD instead of your vessel position (LAT/LON) by the Radio Setup Mode, refer to section “12.4 CHANGING GPS INFORMATION TO VESSEL POSITION OR COG.”
11 DIGITAL SELECTIVE CALLING

11.1 GENERAL

WARNING

This radio is designed to generate a digital maritime distress and safety call to facilitate search and rescue. To be effective as a safety device, this equipment must be used only within communication range of a shore-based VHF marine channel 70 distress and safety watch system. The range of signal may vary but under normal conditions should be approximately 20 nautical miles.

NOTE

A DSC Warning sticker is included with the Phantom PS1000. To comply with FCC regulations this sticker must be mounted in a location that can be easily viewed from the location of the CMP25 RAM+ Microphone. Make sure the chosen location is clean and dry before applying the sticker.

Digital Selective Calling is a semi-automated method of establishing a radio call, it has been designated by the International Maritime Organization (IMO) as an international standard for establishing VHF, MF and HF radio calls. It has also been designated as part of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS). It is planned that DSC will eventually replace aural watches on distress frequencies and will be used to announce routine and urgent maritime safety information broadcasts.

This new system allows mariners to instantly send a distress call with GPS position (when connected to the transceiver) to the Coast Guard and other vessels within range of the transmission. Phantom PS1000 will allow mariners to initiate Individual Routine, Group Routine, All Ship Urgency, All Ship Safety, Position Request, and Position Send to another vessel equipped with a DSC transceiver and receive Distress, Urgency, Safety, Routine, Position Request, and Position Send calls from another vessel equipped with a DSC transceiver.
11.2 DSC SCAN

When the radio is shipped from the factory it is programmed so CH70 (the DSC channel) is scanned at all times. There is a selection in the SETUP MENU to disable the DSC SCAN. However, turning off DSC SCAN will disable the radio from receiving DSC calls i.e.: Individual Call, All Ships Call, Distress Call and Position Requests. If you want to use any of the functions the selection must be left ON.

To Change DSC SCAN Method:
1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] key to select “DSC SCAN” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “on” or “of (off).”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.
11.3 MARITIME MOBILE SERVICE IDENTITY (MMSI)

11.3.1 What is an MMSI?
An MMSI is a nine digit number used on Marine Transceivers capable of using Digital Selective Calling (DSC). This number is used like a telephone number to selectively call other vessels.

**THIS NUMBER MUST BE PROGRAMMED INTO THE RADIO TO OPERATE THE PHANTOM PS1000 DSC FUNCTIONS.**

How can I obtain an MMSI assignment?
Boat US offers online registration of a MMSI. Visit www.boatus.com/mmsi

11.3.2 Programming the MMSI

**WARNING**
User MMSI can be input only twice. If the user tries to input an MMSI more than twice, “ERROR TOO MANY ENTRIES” notation will appear on the display. If the user needs to change the MMSI more than twice, the transceiver will have to be sent to Factory Service. Refer to the section “13.2. FACTORY SERVICE.”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SE)T] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [▼] key to select “DSC SETUP” menu, then press the [CALL(SE)T] key.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “USER MMSI.”
4. Press the [CALL(SE)T] key. The User MMSI number will appear, and the first digit will be flashing.
5. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select first number of your MMSI, then press the [CALL(SE)T] key to save the number.
6. Repeat the above step to set your MMSI (up to nine digits).
   When the last number of your MMSI is in place, press and hold the [CALL(SE)T] key to store your MMSI.
7. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode, press the [16/9] key.
11.4 DSC DISTRESS CALL

The **Phantom PS1000** is capable of transmitting and receiving DSC Distress messages to all DSC radios. The **Phantom PS1000** may be connected to a GPS to also transmit the Latitude, Longitude of the vessel in a distress.

11.4.1 Transmitting a DSC Distress Call

**NOTE**

To be able to transmit a DSC distress call an MMSI number must be programmed, refer to section “11.2.2 Programming the MMSI.”

In order for your ships location to be transmitted a GPS must be connected to the **Phantom PS1000**, refer to section “8.4 CONNECTION OF GPS WITH NMEA OUTPUT.”

1. Lift the red rubber cover, then press the [DISTRESS] key. The “DISTRESS” notation will appear on the LCD.
2. Press and hold the [DISTRESS] key. The radios display will count down (3-2-1) and then transmit the Distress call.
3. When the distress signal is sent, CH70 and “TX” icon will appear on the LCD. After the message has been sent, the radio will sound a Distress Alarm.
4. The transceiver will watch for a DSC acknowledgment transmission on CH70 and also receive calls on CH16.
5. If an acknowledgement is received, select channel 16 and advise your distress situation.
6. If no acknowledgment is received, the distress call is repeated in 4 minute intervals until a DSC acknowledgment is received.
7. When a DSC Distress acknowledgment is received, a distress alarm sounds and channel 16 is automatically selected. The LCD shows the MMSI of the ship responding to your distress.
   - RECEIVED ACK: acknowledgment signal is received.
   - RECEIVED RLY: relay signal is received from another vessel or coast station.
8. To cancel the DSC distress alarm signal from the speaker, press any key.

**NOTE**

If the radio is receiving on a working channel or transmitting on a working channel, DSC calls will not be received.
11.4.2 Cancel a DSC Distress Call
If a DSC Distress call was sent by error the Phantom PS1000 allows you to send a message to other vessels to cancel the Distress Call that was made in error.

1. Press the [DISTRESS] key momentarily. The “DISTRESS” notation will appear on the LCD.
2. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “CANCEL.”
3. Press the [DISTRESS] key again to send a Distress call.

11.4.3 Receiving a DSC Distress Call
1. When a DSC Distress call is received, “RECEIVED DISTRESS” notation will appear on the LCD, and an emergency alarm will sound. Then channel 16 is automatically selected.
2. Press any key to stop the alarm.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to change the display to show the information of the vessel in distress.
4. If the position of the vessel distress data does not include position, the LCD will show “NO POSITION” notation instead of position (LAT/LON) data.

**NOTE**
You must continue monitoring channel 16 as a coast station may require assistance in the rescue attempt.

11.4.4 Receiving a DSC Distress Relay Call
1. A distress relay call is received. “RECEIVED RLY” will appear on the LCD, and an emergency alarm will be heard. Channel 16 is automatically selected.
2. Press any key to stop the alarm.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to change the display to show the information of the vessel in distress.
**Note:** You must continue monitoring channel 16 as a coast station may require assistance in any rescue attempt.
11.5 ALL SHIPS CALL

The All Ships Call function allows contact to be established with other vessel stations without having their ID in the individual calling directory. Also, priority for the call can be designated as Urgency or Safety.

URGENCY Call: This type of call is used when a vessel may not truly be in distress, but have a potential problem that may lead to a distress situation. This call is the same as saying PAN PAN PAN on channel 16.

SAFETY Call: Used to transmit boating safety information to other vessels. This message usually contains information about an overdue boat, debris in the water, loss of a navigation aid or an important meteorological message. This call is the same as saying Securite, Securite, Securite.”

11.5.1 Transmitting an All Ships Call

2. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “ALL SHIPS” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key. (To cancel, press the [16/9] key)
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the call type (“URGENCY” or “SAFETY”).
4. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to transmit the selected type of all ships DSC call.
5. After the ALL SHIPS CALL is transmitted, the transceiver will switch to CH16.
6. Listen to the channel to make sure it is not busy, then key the microphone and say “PAN PAN PAN” or “Securite, Securite, Securite” depending on the priority of the call. Say your call sign and announce the channel you wish to switch to for communications.

11.5.2 Receiving an All Ships Call

1. When an all ships call is received, an emergency alarm sounds. The radio will automatically change to channel 16.
2. Press any key to stop the alarm.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to see the MMSI of the vessel transmitting the All Ships Call.
4. Monitor channel 16 or traffic channel until the URGENCY voice communication is completed.
11.6 INDIVIDUAL CALL
This feature allows the **PS1000** to contact another vessel with a DSC VHF radio and automatically switch the receiving radio to a desired communications channel. This feature is similar to calling a vessel on CH16 and requesting to go to another channel (switching to the channel is private between the two stations).

11.6.1 Setting up the Individual / Position Call Directory
The Phantom **PS1000** has a DSC directory that allows you to store a vessel or person’s name and the MMSI number associated with vessels you wish to transmit Individual calls, Position Requests and Position Send transmissions.

To transmit an Individual call you must program this directory with information of the persons you wish to call, similar to a cellular phones telephone directory.

1. Press and hold down the **[CALL](SET)MENU** key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the **[▼]** key to select “DSC SETUP” menu, then press the **[CALL](SET)MENU** key.
3. Press the **[▼]** key to select “INDIVIDUAL DIR” menu, then press the **[CALL](SET)MENU** key.
4. Press the **[▼]** or **[▲]** key to select “Add.”
5. Press the **[CALL](SET)MENU** key to enabling this item.
6. Press the **[▼]** or **[▲]** key to select the first letter of the name of the vessel or person you want to reference in the directory.
7. Press the **[CALL](SET)MENU** key to store the first letter in the name and step to the next letter to the right.
8. Repeat step 6 and 7 until the name is complete. The name can consist of up to eleven characters, if you do not use all eleven characters press the **[CALL](SET)MENU** key to move to the next space. This method can also be used to enter a blank space in the name. To clear the previous letter, press the **[H/L]** key.
9. After the eleventh letter or space has been entered, press and hold the **[CALL](SET)MENU** key to advance to the MMSI (Maritime Mobile Service Identity Number) number entry.
10. Press the **[▼]** or **[▲]** key to select the first digit of the MMSI number, then press the **[CALL](SET)MENU** key to move to the next digit. If a mistake was made entering in the number, pressing the **[H/L]** key to delete the wrong digit.
11. Repeat step 10 as many times as necessary to complete the MMSI code (nine digits).

12. Press and hold the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the individual address.

12. To enter another individual address, repeat steps 5 through 12.

13. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

**11.6.2 Setting up Individual Reply**

Allows setting up the radio to automatically (default setting) or manually respond to a DSC Individual call requesting you to switch to a working channel for voice communications. When Manual is selected the MMSI of the calling vessel is shown allowing you to see who is calling. This function is similar to caller id on a cellular phone.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.

2. Press the [▼] key to select “DSC SETUP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.

3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “INDIVIDUAL REPLY” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.

4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “AU (Automatic)” or “oF (Manual).”

5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.

6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

**11.6.3 Setting up the Individual / Group Call Ringer**

When a Individual Call or Group Call is received the radio will produce a ringing tone for 3 minutes. This selection allows the Individual / Group Call ringer time to be changed.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.

2. Press the [▼] key to select “DSC SETUP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.

3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “INDIVIDUAL RINGER” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.

4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select ringing time of a Individual/Group Call.

4: 3 minutes continuously
3: 15 times
2: 10 times
1: 5 times

5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

The **Phantom PS1000** has the capability to turn off the Individual or Group call ringer.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [▼] key to select “DSC SETUP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “DSC BEEP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “INDIVIDUAL” if you wish to disable the Individual call ringer, or “GROUP” if you wish to disable the Group call ringer, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
5. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “oF.”
6. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
7. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

If you wish to return to enabling the ringer tone, just repeat the above procedure, pressing the [▼] or [▲] key to select “on” in step “5” above.

### 11.6.4 Transmitting an Individual Call

This feature allows the user to contact another vessel with a DSC radio. This feature is similar to calling a vessel on CH16 and requesting to go to another channel.

2. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “INDIVIDUAL” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key. The transceiver will beep, and the “Individual directory” will appear. (To cancel, press the [16/9] key)
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the “Individual” you want to contact.
4. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to transmit the individual DSC signal.
5. After INDIVIDUAL CALL is transmitted, the transceiver will wait 8 seconds for the acknowledgment.
If the reply signal is not received, the transceiver will transmit again.

6. After the second INDIVIDUAL CALL is transmitted, if the reply signal is not received, “NO REPLY” notation will appear. To send the call again, press the [▲] key to select the “SEND,” then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.

7. When an individual call acknowledgment is received, the established channel is automatically selected and a ringing tone sounds.

8. Press any key to listen to the channel to make sure it is not busy, then key the microphone and call the other vessel you desire to communicate with.

11.6.5 Receiving an Individual Call

When receiving an individual call, an acknowledgment must be sent back to the calling station. Please refer to a selection in the “11.6.2 Setting up Individual Reply” that allows the acknowledgment to be transmitted manually or automatically.

Automatic Reply:

1. An individual call is received. “RECEIVED INDIVIDUAL” will appear on the LCD, and an individual call alarm sounds. Then the radio automatically switches to the requested channel.

2. Press any key to stop the alarm, then acknowledgment is transmitted automatically.

3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to see the MMSI of the vessel transmitting the Individual Call.

4. Press the PTT on the microphone and talk to the calling ship.

Manual Reply:

1. An individual call is received. “RECEIVED INDIVIDUAL” will appear on the LCD, and an individual call alarm sounds. Then the radio automatically switches to the requested channel.

2. Press any key to stop the alarm.

3. Select type of reply function “ABLE” or “UNABLE” by using the [▼] or [▲] key, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to transmit the individual DSC signal.

4. Press the PTT on the microphone and talk to the calling ship.
11.6.6 Setting Up the Call Waiting Function

Allows the **Phantom PS1000** to be setup to reply (ABLE) or set the radio so it transmits a call that advises the calling vessel the person is UNABLE to reply to the call at this time. This function is similar to an answering machine. When set up in UNABLE and a individual call is received the Individual call from the other vessel is logged in the CALL WAITING directory for you to review and call back at a later time.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [▼] key to select “DSC SETUP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “INDIVIDUAL ACK” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “Ab (Able)” or “Un (Unable).”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

11.7 GROUP CALL

This feature allows the user to contact a group of specific vessels (example members of a yacht club) using DSC radios with Group call function to automatically switch to a desired channel for voice communications.

11.7.1 Setting up a Group Call

For this function to operate the same Group MMSI must be programmed into all the DSC VHF radios within the group of vessels that will be using this feature. The group MMSI is a nine digit (first digit permanently set to “0”) that will allow other radios to call your vessel along with others to automatically switch to a working channel for voice communications. This function is very useful for yacht clubs and vessels traveling together that want to collectively make announcements on a predetermined channel.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [▼] key to select “DSC SETUP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “GROUP DIR” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “Add.”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to enabling this item.
6. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the first letter of the name of the group you want to reference in the directory.
7. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the first letter in the name and step to the next letter to the right.
8. Repeat step 6 and 7 until the name is complete. The name can consist of up to eleven characters, if you do not use all eleven characters press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to move to the next space. This method can also be used to enter a blank space in the name. To clear the previous letter, press the [H/L] key.
9. After the eleventh letter or space has been entered, press and hold the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to advance to the MMSI (Maritime Mobile Service Identity Number) number entry.
10. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the first digit of the MMSI number, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to move to the next digit. If a mistake was made entering in the number, pressing the [H/L] key to delete the wrong digit.
11. Repeat step 10 as many times as necessary to complete the MMSI code (nine digits).
12. Press and hold the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the group address.
13. To enter another group address, repeat steps 5 through 12.
14. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

### 11.7.2 Transmitting a Group Call

2. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “GROUP" menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key. The transceiver will beep, and the “Group directory” will appear. (To cancel, press the [16/9] key)
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the “Group” you want to contact.
4. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to transmit the Group DSC signal.
5. After the GROUP CALL is transmitted, all the radios in the group will switch to the designated channel.
6. Listen to the channel to make sure it is not busy, then key the microphone and call the other vessels you desire to communicate with.
11.7.3 Receiving a Group Call
1. When a group call is received, “RECEIVED GROUP” will appear on the LCD, and a ringing alarm sound.
2. The radio automatically switches to the requested channel.
3. Press any key to stop the alarm.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to see the MMSI of the vessel transmitting the Group Call.
5. Monitor the channel for the person calling the Group for a message.
6. If you want to respond, monitor the channel to make sure it is clear, then press the PTT on the mic and talk to the calling ship(s).

NOTE
After a Group call is received, the time the call was made and the ships MMSI or vessels name will appear on the LCD.

11.8 POSITION REQUEST
Advancements in DSC have made it possible to poll the location of another vessel and show the position of that vessel on the display of the Phantom PS1000. Standard Horizon has taken this feature one step further, if any Standard Horizon GPS is connected to the Phantom PS1000, the polled position of the vessel is shown on the display of the GPS chart plotter making it easy to navigate to the location of the polled vessel. This is a great feature for anyone wanting to know the position of another vessel. For example your buddy that is catching fish, or finding the location of a person you are cruising with.

NOTE
The other vessel must have an operating GPS receiver connected to its DSC transceiver and must not have its transceiver set to deny position requests. (Refer the section “11.6.1 Setting up the Individual / Position Call Directory” to enter information into the individual directory).

11.8.1 Setting up Position Reply
The Phantom PS1000 can be set up to automatically or manually send your position to another vessel. This selection is important if you are concerned about someone polling the position of your vessel that you may not want to. In the manual mode you will see the MMSI or persons name shown on the display allowing you to choose to send your position to the requesting vessel.
1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [▼] key to select “DSC SETUP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “POS REQUEST” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “Au” or “oF.”
   In “Au” mode, after a DSC Position Request is received, the radio will automatically transmit your vessel’s position. In “oF” mode, the CMP25 RAM+ Microphone’s display will show who is requesting the position.
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU]] key to store the selected setting.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

The PS1000 has the capability to turn off the Position Request ringer.
1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [▼] key to select “DSC SETUP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “DSC BEEP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “POS REQUEST,” then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
5. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “oF.”
6. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
7. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

If you wish to return to enabling the ringer tone, just repeat the above procedure, pressing the [▼] or [▲] key to select “on” in step “5” above.

11.8.2 Transmitting a Position Request to Another Vessel
2. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “POS REQUEST” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key. The transceiver will beep, and the “Position Request directory” will appear. (To cancel, press the [16/9] key)
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the “name” you want to contact.
4. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to transmit the
Position Request DSC signal.
5. After a DSC position request is transmitted, the transceiver remains on channel 70 until position data is received from the polled vessel.
6. When the **Phantom PS1000** receives the position from the polled vessel, RECEIVED POS REPLY” will appear on the LCD.
7. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to see the name and position (LAT/LOG) of the vessel polled vessel.
8. If the **Phantom PS1000** does not receive a reply, the LCD will display “NO REPLY.” Press the [▼] key and select “SEND” to transmit the call again or “EXIT” to exit the Position Request mode.

**NOTE**

If the **Phantom PS1000** does not receive position data from the polled vessel, the LCD will show “NO POSITION DATA.”

### 11.8.3 Receiving a Position Request

When a position request call is received from another vessel, a ringing alarm will sound and POS REQUEST will be show in the LCD. Operation and transceiver function differs depending on the setting of section “11.8.1 Setting up Position Reply.”

**Automatically reply:**
1. When a position request call is received, a calling alarm sounds 4 times. Then requested position coordinates are transmitted automatically to the vessel requesting your vessel’s position.
2. To exit from position request display, press any key.

**Manually reply:**
1. When a position request call is received from another vessel, “RECEIVED POS REQUEST” will appear on the LCD and a ringing alarm sounds 4 times.
2. Press the [▼] key to see the MMSI of the vessel transmitting the Position Request.
3. Select type of reply function “SEND” or “NO REPLY” by using the [▼] or [▲] key.
4. When “SEND” is selected, press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key. And your position will be transmitted to the requesting vessel.
5. To exit from position request display, press the [16/9] key.

11.9 POSITION SEND
The feature is similar to Position Request, however instead of requesting a position of another vessel this function allows you to send your position to another vessel. Your vessel must have an operating GPS receiver connected for the Phantom PS1000 to send the position.

11.9.1 Setting up a Position Send Ringer
The PS1000 has the capability to turn off the Position Send ringer.
1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [▼] key to select “DCS SETUP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “DSC BEEP” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “POS SEND” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
5. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “oF.”
6. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
7. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

If you wish to return to enabling the ringer tone, just repeat the above procedure, pressing the [▼] or [▲] key to select “on” in step “5” above.

11.9.2 Transmitting a DSC Position Send Call
2. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “POS SEND” menu, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key. The transceiver will beep, and the “Position Send directory” will appear. (To cancel, press the [16/9] key)
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the “name” you want to contact.
4. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to send your position to the selected vessel.
11.9.3 Receiving a DSC Position Send Call
When another vessel transmits their vessels location to the PS1000 the following will happen:

1. When the Position Send Call is received, “RECEIVED POS SEND” will appear on the LCD and a ringing sound will be produced.
2. Press any key to stop ringing.
3. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to see the name and position (LAT/LOG) of the vessel transmitting the Position Send Call.
12 RADIO SETUP

12.1 LCD DIMMER
This selection sets up the display backlight intensity or to turn it off. Default setting is level “3.”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “DIMMER” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the desired level. You will be able to see the effects of your changes. The dimmer level can be set from “0 (off)” to “3.”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected level.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.

12.2 LCD CONTRAST
This selection sets up the display for best viewability for the operation. Default setting is level “4.”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “CONTRAST” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the desired level. You will be able to see the effects of your changes. The contrast level can be set from “0” to “7.”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected level.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.
12.3 TIME OFFSET
This selection sets the time offset between local time and UTC (time GPS sends to radio). Time is displayed when GPS position (LAT/LON) is displayed by pressing the [NAV] key. Default setting is level “00.”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “TIME” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select time offset from UTC. See illustration below to find your offset time from UTC. If “00” is assigned, the time is the same as UTC (Universal Time Coordinated or GMT Greenwich Mean Time).
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the time offset.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.

OFFSET TIME TABLE

UTC/GMT
12.4 CHANGING GPS INFORMATION TO VESSEL POSITION OR COG

Allows customizing the NAV data showing GPS Information. Factory default is “Your Vessel’s Current Position,” however, following the steps below the GPS Information can be changed to “Course Over Ground (COG).”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “NAV DISPLAY” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “Pos (Your Vessel’s Current Position)” or “Cru (Course Over Ground).”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.

12.5 CHANGING COG TO TRUE OR MAGNETIC

Allows customizing the NAV data showing GPS Course Over Ground (COG). Factory default is “True,” however, following the steps below the COG can be changed to “Magnetic.”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “MAGNETIC” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “on (Magnetic)” or “of (True).”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.

In the “True” mode, the display shows direction with “T.” Meanwhile, the the display shows with “M” in the “Magnetic” mode.
12.6 SCAN TYPE
This selection selects which is the scanning feature start the “Memory Scan (M-SCAN)” or “Priority Scan (P-SCAN)” when pressing the [SCAN] key. Default setting is level “Memory Scan (M-SCAN).”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “SCAN TYPE” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▲] or [▼] key to select “MEMORY” or “PRIORITY.”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.

12.7 KEY BEEP (ON/OFF)
This selection allows the beep tone when a key is pressed to be turned off. Default setting is “on.”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “KEY BEEP” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “on” or “off (off).”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to set the beep condition.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.

NOTE
Emergency alarm cannot be turned OFF.
12.8 WX ALERT (ON/OFF)

This selection allows to select the radios NOAA Weather alert feature “on” and “off.” Default setting is “on.”

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “WX ALERT” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “on” or “of (off).”
5. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.

12.9 CHANNEL NAME CHANGE

This selection allows you to customize the name of a channel from the default name.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(SET)MENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “CH NAME” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
4. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the channel to be named, then press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key.
5. Press the [▼] or [▲] key to select the first character (letter, number, or symbol) of the channel name.
6. Press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to enter the first character and move the cursor one space to the right.
7. Repeat step 5 and 6 until the name is complete. The name can consist of up to twelve characters. If you do not use all twelve character, press the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to move to the next space. To clear the previous letter, press the [H/L] key.
8. Press and hold the [CALL(SET)MENU] key to store the new name.
9. If you want to enter the name of another channel, repeat steps 3 through 8.
10. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.
12.10 EXTERNAL SPEAKER SELECTION

This selection allow the **CMP25** RAM+ internal speaker to be turned off and so an external speaker can be used. For connection of an external speaker refer to page 11.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL(S)ET(M)ENU] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL(S)ET(M)ENU] key, then press the [▼] or [▲] key to select “EXT SPK” menu.
3. Press the [CALL(S)ET(M)ENU] key.
4. Press the [▲] or [▼] key to select “on” or “of (off).”
   - “on”: EXT. speaker “on,” **CMP25** RAM+ internal speaker “off”
   - “of”: EXT. speaker “off,” **CMP25** RAM+ internal speaker “on”
5. Press the [CALL(S)ET(M)ENU] key to store the selected setting.
6. Press the [16/9] key to return to radio operation.
13 MAINTENANCE

The inherent quality of the solid-state components used in this transceiver will provide many years of continuous use. Taking the following precautions will prevent damage to the transceiver.

- Keep the microphone connected or the jack covered at all times to prevent corrosion of electrical contacts;
- Never key the microphone unless an antenna or suitable dummy load is connected to the transceiver.
- Ensure that the supply voltage to the transceiver does not exceed 16 VDC or fall below 11 VDC.
- Use only STANDARD HORIZON-approved accessories and replacement parts.

In the unlikely event of serious problems, please contact your Dealer or our repair facility. Address and phone numbers for this facility, as well as warranty information, are contained in section “16 WARRANTY.”

13.1 REPLACEMENT PARTS

Occasionally an owner needs a replacement mounting bracket or knob. These can be ordered from our Parts Department by writing or calling:

Marine Division of Vertex Standard
US Headquarters
10900 Walker Street, Cypress, CA 90630, U.S.A.
Telephone (714) 827-7600

Commonly requested parts, and their part numbers are listed below.

- **Power Cord**: T9023306
- **Mounting Bracket**: RA052010A
- **Mounting Bracket Knob**: RA045910A
- **RAM+ Mic Routing Cable Assembly**: S8101512

13.2 FACTORY SERVICE

In the unlikely event that the radio fails to perform or needs servicing, please contact the following:

Standard Horizon
Attention Marine Repair Department
10900 Walker Street, Cypress, CA 90630
Telephone (800) 366-4566

An “RA” Return Authorization number is not necessary to send a product in for service. Include a brief note describing the problem along with your name, return address, phone number, and proof of purchase.
## 13.3 TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMPTOM</th>
<th>PROBABLE CAUSE</th>
<th>REMEDY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Transceiver fails to power up.                                          | No DC voltage to the transceiver, or blown fuse. | a. Check the 12VDC battery connections and the fuse.  
b. The **PWR** key needs to be pressed and held to turn the radio on. |
| RAM+ MIC Cable                                                         | Check the RAM+ MIC Cable connection. |                                                          |
| Transceiver blows fuse when connected to power supply.                 | Reversed power wires.           | Check the power cable for DC voltage, or replace the fuse (6A 250V).  
Make sure the red wire is connected to the positive (+) battery post, and the black wire is connected to the negative (-) battery post. If the fuse still blows, contact your Dealer. |
| Popping or whining noise from the speaker while engine runs.           | Engine noise.                   | Reroute the DC power cables away from the engine. Add noise suppressor on power cable.  
Change to resistive spark plug wires and/or add an alternator whine filter. |
| Sound is not emitted from the internal or external speaker.            | Accessory cable.                | Check the connections of the accessory cable (Possible short circuit on the External speaker cable WHITE/SHEILD). |
| Receiving station report low transmit power, even with transceiver set to HI power. | Antenna.                       | Have the antenna checked or test the transceiver with another antenna. If the problem persists, contact your Dealer for servicing. |
| “HI BATTERY” or “LO BATTERY” message is appeared when the power is turned on. | The power supply voltage is too high or too low. | Confirm that the connected power supply voltage is not 17 volts or lower than 10 volts. Confirm that the generator has not malfunctioned. |
| Your position is not displayed.                                        | Accessory cable.                | Check the accessory cable connection. Some GPS use the battery ground line for NMEA connection. |
| Setting of the GPS navigation receiver.                                | Check the output signal format of the GPS navigation receiver. This radio requires NMEA0183 format with GLL, RMB, GGA, or GNS sentence as an output signal. If the GPS has a baud rate setting make sure to select 4800 and parity to NONE. |
14. CHANNEL ASSIGNMENTS

Tables on the following columns list the VHF Marine Channel assignments for U.S.A. and International use. Below are listed some data about the charts.

1. VTS. Where indicated, these channels are part of the U.S. Coast Guard’s Vessel Traffic System.

2. Alpha channel numbers, that is, channel numbers followed by the letter A (such as Channel 07A) are *simplex* channels on the U.S.A. or Canadian channel assignments whose counterparts in the International assignments are *duplex* channels. International channels do not use “alpha” numbers. If you call the Coast Guard on Channel 16, they will sometimes ask you to “go to channel 22 Alpha.” This is a channel assigned to U.S.A. and Canadian Coast Guards for handling distress and other calls. If your radio is set for *International* operation you will go to Channel 22 instead of 22A, and will not be able to communicate with the Coast Guard. To use Channel 22A, your radio must be set for *USA* or *Canada* operation, usually by a U/I/C (USA/International/Canada) control or combination of controls. Channel 22 (without an “A”) is an *International* duplex channel for port operations. Some radios indicate an “A” adjacent to the alpha channels on the display; on others “alpha” is not indicated but the proper channel is selected based on the U/I/C setting.

3. Bridge-to-Bridge channels (for example, Channel 13) are for use by bridge operators on intercoastal waterways and rivers. It is also used by marine vessels in the vicinity of these bridges for navigation and for communicating with the bridge operators. Note that a limit of 1 Watt is specified for these channels. See page 26 for additional information.

4. The S/D column on the chart indicates either S (simplex) or D (duplex). *Simplex* means transmitting and receiving on the same frequency. Only one party at a time can talk, unlike a telephone. Be sure to say “over” and release your microphone push-to-talk switch at the end of each transmission. *Duplex* operation involves the use of one frequency for transmitting and a separate frequency for receiving. On channels specified as duplex on the charts, correct mode of operation is established automatically by your radio when you select a channel; you cannot change the mode. And you still must release the push-to-talk switch after each transmission in order to listen to the radio.

5. Channels normally used by recreational boaters are those that include the term “non-commercial” in the *Channel Use* column of the chart. Some of these are shared with other users and some are used only in certain geographic regions.
6. **Marine vessels equipped with VHF radios are required to monitor Channel 16.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CH</th>
<th>U</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>S/D</th>
<th>TX</th>
<th>RX</th>
<th>CHANNEL USE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.050</td>
<td>160.650</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.050</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Operation and Commercial, VTS in selected areas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.100</td>
<td>160.700</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.150</td>
<td>160.750</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.150</td>
<td></td>
<td>US Government only, Coast Guard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.200</td>
<td>160.800</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.200</td>
<td></td>
<td>Pacific coast: Coast Guard, East Coast: Commercial fishing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.250</td>
<td>160.850</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.250</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation. VTS in Seattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.300</td>
<td></td>
<td>Inter-ship Safety</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.350</td>
<td>160.950</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.350</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>08</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.400</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial (Inter-ship only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.450</td>
<td></td>
<td>Boater Calling channel, Commercial &amp; Non-commercial (Recreational)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.500</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.550</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial. VTS in selected areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.600</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation. VTS in selected areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.650</td>
<td></td>
<td>Inter-ship Navigation Safety (Bridge-to-bridge)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.700</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation. VTS in selected areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>- - -</td>
<td>156.750</td>
<td>Environmental (Receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.750</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial, non-commercial, ship movement (1 W)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.800</td>
<td></td>
<td>International Distress, Safety and Calling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.850</td>
<td></td>
<td>State Controlled (1 W)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.900</td>
<td>161.500</td>
<td>Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.900</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.950</td>
<td>161.550</td>
<td>Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.950</td>
<td></td>
<td>US: Commercial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.950</td>
<td></td>
<td>Coast Guard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>157.000</td>
<td>161.600</td>
<td>Canadian Coast Guard Only, International: port operations and shipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>157.000</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.050</td>
<td>161.650</td>
<td>Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>157.050</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. Government Only, Canadian Coast Guard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.100</td>
<td>161.700</td>
<td>Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>157.100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>US and Canadian Coast Guard Liaison and Maritime Safety Information Broadcasts announced on channel 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CH</td>
<td>U</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>S/D</td>
<td>TX</td>
<td>RX</td>
<td>CHANNEL USE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.150</td>
<td>161.750</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>157.150</td>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. Government Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.200</td>
<td>161.800</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.250</td>
<td>161.850</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.300</td>
<td>161.900</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.350</td>
<td>161.950</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.400</td>
<td>162.000</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.025</td>
<td>160.625</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.075</td>
<td>160.675</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.075</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. Government Only, Canadian Coast Guard-Pacific Coast, Commercial Fishing-East Coast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.125</td>
<td>160.725</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.125</td>
<td></td>
<td>Public Coast: Coast Guard; East Coast: commercial fishing only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.175</td>
<td>160.775</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.175</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Operation and Commercial. VTS in selected areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.225</td>
<td>160.825</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.225</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. Government Only, Canadian Commercial Fishing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.275</td>
<td>160.875</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.275</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>156.325</td>
<td>160.925</td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.325</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.375</td>
<td></td>
<td>US: Commercial. Used for Bridge-to-bridge communications in lower Mississippi River. Inter-ship only, Canada: Commercial fishing, S&amp;R</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.425</td>
<td></td>
<td>Non-commercial (Recreational)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.475</td>
<td></td>
<td>US: Non-commercial (Recreational), Canada: Commercial fishing only, International: Inter-ship, Port operations and Ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.525</td>
<td></td>
<td>Digital selective calling (voice communications not allowed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.575</td>
<td></td>
<td>US, Canada: Non-commercial (Recreational), International: Port operations and Ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.625</td>
<td></td>
<td>Non-commercial (Inter-ship only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.675</td>
<td></td>
<td>US: Port Operations, Canada: Commercial fishing only, International: Inter-ship, Port operations and Ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.725</td>
<td></td>
<td>US: Port Operations, Canada: Commercial fishing only, International: Inter-ship, Port operations and Ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CH</td>
<td>U</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>S/D</td>
<td>TX</td>
<td>RX</td>
<td>CHANNEL USE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.775</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Operations (Inter-ship only) (1W)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.825</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Operations (Inter-ship only) (1W)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.875</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Operations (Inter-ship only) (1W)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.875</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Operations (Inter-ship only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.925</td>
<td>161.525</td>
<td></td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship-movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.925</td>
<td></td>
<td>Non-commercial (Recreational)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>156.975</td>
<td>161.575</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation and Ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>156.975</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>157.025</td>
<td>161.625</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.025</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>157.075</td>
<td>161.675</td>
<td></td>
<td>Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.075</td>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. Government Only - Environmental protection operations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>157.125</td>
<td>161.725</td>
<td></td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator), Port operation, ship movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.125</td>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. Government Only, Canadian Coast Guard Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>157.175</td>
<td>161.775</td>
<td></td>
<td>Canadian Coast Guard Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.175</td>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. Government Only, Canadian Coast Guard Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>157.225</td>
<td>161.825</td>
<td></td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>157.275</td>
<td>161.875</td>
<td></td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>157.325</td>
<td>161.925</td>
<td></td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>157.375</td>
<td>161.975</td>
<td></td>
<td>Public Correspondence (Marine Operator)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>157.425</td>
<td>162.025</td>
<td></td>
<td>Public Correspondence (ship-to-coast)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td>157.425</td>
<td></td>
<td>Commercial, Inter-ship Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX01</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>162.550</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX02</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>162.400</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX03</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>162.475</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX04</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>162.425</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX05</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>162.450</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX06</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>162.650</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX07</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>162.525</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX08</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>161.650</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX09</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>161.775</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX10</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
<td>163.275</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weather (receive only)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above **BOLD** channels are not for use of the general public in U.S. waters, unless proper authorization is given.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Channel designator</th>
<th>Carrier frequency (MHz)</th>
<th>Points of communication (Intership and between coast and ship unless otherwise indicated)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01A&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.050 156.175</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.050, Coast transmit 156.175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63A&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.050 156.175</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.050, Coast transmit 156.175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.250 156.275</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.250, Coast transmit 156.275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65A</td>
<td>156.325 156.325</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.325, Coast transmit 156.325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.600 156.600</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.600, Coast transmit 156.600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>156.675 156.675</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.675, Coast transmit 156.675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.700 156.700</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.700, Coast transmit 156.700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>156.725 156.725</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.725, Coast transmit 156.725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.875</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.875, Internship only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20A&lt;sup&gt;12&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>157.000</td>
<td>Ship transmit 157.000, Internship only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Navigational (Bridge-to-Bridge)<sup>5</sup>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Channel designator</th>
<th>Carrier frequency (MHz)</th>
<th>Points of communication (Intership and between coast and ship unless otherwise indicated)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13&lt;sup&gt;6&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.650 156.650</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.650, Coast transmit 156.650</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67&lt;sup&gt;6&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.375 156.375</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.375, Coast transmit 156.375</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Commercial

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Channel designator</th>
<th>Carrier frequency (MHz)</th>
<th>Points of communication (Intership and between coast and ship unless otherwise indicated)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01A&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.050 156.050</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.050, Coast transmit 156.050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63A&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.175 156.175</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.175, Coast transmit 156.175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07A</td>
<td>156.350 156.350</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.350, Coast transmit 156.350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67&lt;sup&gt;7&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.375</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.375, Internship only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>08</td>
<td>156.400</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.400, Do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09</td>
<td>156.450 156.450</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.450, Coast transmit 156.450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>156.500 156.500</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.500, Coast transmit 156.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.550 156.550</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.550, Coast transmit 156.550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18A</td>
<td>156.900 156.900</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.900, Coast transmit 156.900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19A</td>
<td>156.950 156.950</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.950, Coast transmit 156.950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79A</td>
<td>156.975 156.975</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.975, Coast transmit 156.975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88A&lt;sup&gt;8&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>157.425</td>
<td>Ship transmit 157.425, Internship only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72&lt;sup&gt;14&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.625</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.625, Internship only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Digital Selective Calling

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Channel designator</th>
<th>Carrier frequency (MHz)</th>
<th>Points of communication (Intership and between coast and ship unless otherwise indicated)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>70&lt;sup&gt;15&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>156.525 156.525</td>
<td>Ship transmit 156.525, Coast transmit 156.525</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1: 156.050 MHz and 156.175 MHz are available for port operations and commercial communications purposes when used only within the U.S. Coast Guard designated Vessel Traffic Services (VTS) area of New Orleans, on the lower Mississippi River from the various pass entrances in the Gulf of Mexico to Devil’s Swamp Light at River Mile 242.4 above head of passes near Baton Rouge.

2: 156.250 MHz is available for port operations communications use only within the U.S. Coast Guard designated VTS radio protection areas of New Orleans and Houston described in Sec. 80.383. 156.250 MHz is available for intership port operations communications used only within the area of Los Angeles and Long Beach harbors, within a 25-nautical mile radius of Point Fermin, California.

3: 156.550 MHz, 156.600 MHz and 156.700 MHz are available in the U.S. Coast Guard designated port areas only for VTS communications and in the Great Lakes available primarily for communications relating to the movement of ships in sectors designated by the St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation or the U.S. Coast Guard. The use of these frequencies outside VTS and ship movement sector protected areas is permitted provided they cause no interference to VTS and ship movement communications in their respective designated sectors.
4: Use of 156.875 MHz is limited to communications with pilots regarding the movement and docking of ships. Normal output power must not exceed 1 watt.

5: 156.375 MHz and 156.650 MHz are available primarily for intership navigational communications. These frequencies are available between coast and ship on a secondary basis when used on or in the vicinity of locks or drawbridges. Normal output power must not exceed 1 watt. Maximum output power must not exceed 10 watts for coast stations or 25 watts for ship stations.

6: On the Great Lakes, in addition to bridge-to-bridge communications, 156.650 MHz is available for vessel control purposes in established vessel traffic systems. 156.650 MHz is not available for use in the Mississippi River from South Pass Lighted Whistle Buoy “2” and Southwest Pass entrance Midchannel Lighted Whistle Buoy to mile 242.4 above Head of Passes near Baton Rouge. Additionally it is not available for use in the Mississippi River-Gulf Outlet, the Mississippi River-Gulf Outlet Canal, and the Inner Harbor Navigational Canal, except to aid the transition from these areas.

7: Use of 156.375 MHz is available for navigational communications only in the Mississippi River from South Pass Lighted Whistle Buoy “2” and Southwest Pass entrance Midchannel Lighted Whistle Buoy to mile 242.4 above head of Passes near Baton Rouge, and in addition over the full length of the Mississippi River-Gulf Outlet Canal from entrance to its junction with the Inner Harbor Navigation Canal, and over the full length of the Inner Harbor Navigation Canal from its junction with the Mississippi River to its entry to Lake Pontchartrain at the New Seabrook vehicular bridge.

8: Within 120 km (75 miles) of the United States/Canada border, in the area of the Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca and its approaches, 157.425 MHz is half of the duplex pair designated as Channel 88. In this area, Channel 88 is available to ship stations for communications with public coast stations only. More than 120 km (75 miles) from the United States/Canada border in the area of the Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca, its approaches, the Great Lakes, and the St. Lawrence Seaway, 157.425 MHz is available for intership and commercial communications. Outside Puget Sound area and its approaches and the Great Lakes, 157.425 MHz is also available for communications between commercial fishing vessels and associated aircraft while engaged in commercial fishing activities.

9: When the frequency 156.850 MHz is authorized, it may be used additionally for search and rescue training exercises conducted by state or local governments.

10: The frequency 156.850 MHz is additionally available to coast stations on the Great Lakes for transmission of scheduled Marine Weather Broadcasts (MAFOR), Great Lakes Weather Broadcast (LAWEB) and unscheduled Notices to Mariners or Bulletins. F3C and J3C emissions are permitted. Coast Stations on the Great Lakes must cease weather broadcasts which cause interference to stations operating on 156.800 MHz until the interference problem is resolved.

11: The frequency 157.100 MHz is authorized for search and rescue training exercises by state or local government in conjunction with U.S. Coast Guard stations. Prior U.S. Coast Guard approval is required. Use must cease immediately on U.S. Coast Guard request.

12: The duplex pair for channel 20 (157.000/161.600 MHz) may be used for ship to coast station communications.

13: Available for assignment to coast stations, the use of which is in accord with an agreed program, for the broadcast of information to ship stations concerning the environmental conditions in which vessels operate, i.e., weather; sea conditions; time signals; notices to mariners; and hazards to navigation.

14: Available only in the Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca.

15: The frequency 156.525 MHz is to be used exclusively for distress, safety and calling using digital selective calling techniques. No other uses are permitted.

16: The frequency 156.450 MHz is available for intership, ship and coast general purpose calling by noncommercial vessels, such as recreational boats and private coast stations.

17: The frequency 156.425 MHz is assigned by rule to private coast stations in Alaska for facsimile transmissions as well as voice communications.
15. WARRANTY

Marine Products Limited Warranty

STANDARD HORIZON (a division of Vertex Standard) warrants, to the original purchaser only, each new Marine Communications Product ("Product") manufactured and/or supplied by STANDARD HORIZON against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of time from the date of purchase as follows:

Fixed Mount and Portable Transceivers
- 1 year - if purchased before 01/01/91
- 3 years - if purchased between 01/01/91 and 01/01/94
- 3 years Waterproof - if purchased after 01/01/94

RAM+ mic
- 3 years if purchase after 01/01/05

Loud hailers
- 1 year - if purchased before 01/01/91
- 3 years - if purchased after 01/01/91

Associated Chargers
- 1 year - if purchased before 01/01/91
- 3 years - if purchased after 01/01/91

Associated Batteries - 1 year. Note: Batteries will be deemed defective only if storage capacity drops below 80% of rated capacity or if leakage develops.


To receive warranty service, the purchaser must deliver the Product, transportation and insurance prepaid, to STANDARD HORIZON (a division of Vertex Standard), Attention Marine repairs 10900 Walker Street, Cypress, CA 90630. Include proof of purchase indicating model, serial number, and date of purchase. STANDARD HORIZON will return the Product to the purchaser freight prepaid. Products purchased prior to January 1, 1991 will bear the STANDARD HORIZON warranty terms in effect prior to that date.

In the event of a defect, malfunction or failure of the Product during the warranty period, STANDARD HORIZON’s liability for any breach of contract or any breach of express or implied warranties in connection with the sale of Products shall be limited solely to repair or replacement, at its option, of the Product or part(s) therein which, upon examination by STANDARD HORIZON, appear to be defective or not up to factory specifications. STANDARD HORIZON may, at its option, repair or replace parts or subassemblies with new or reconditioned.
parts and subassemblies. Parts thus repaired or replaced are warranted for the balance of the original applicable warranty.

STANDARD HORIZON will not warrant installation, maintenance or service of the Products. In all instances, STANDARD HORIZON’s liability for damages shall not exceed the purchase price of the defective Product.

This warranty only extends to Products sold within the 50 States of the United States of America and the District of Columbia.

STANDARD HORIZON will pay all labor to repair the product and replacement parts charges incurred in providing the warranty service except where purchaser abuse or other qualifying exceptions exist. The purchaser must pay any transportation expenses incurred in returning the Product to STANDARD HORIZON for service.

This limited warranty does not extend to any Product which has been subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, incorrect wiring by anyone other than STANDARD HORIZON, improper installation, or subjected to use in violation of instructions furnished by STANDARD HORIZON, nor does this warranty extend to Products on which the serial number has been removed, defaced, or changed. STANDARD HORIZON cannot be responsible in any way for ancillary equipment not furnished by STANDARD HORIZON which is attached to or used in connection with STANDARD HORIZON’s Products, or for the operation of the Product with any ancillary equipment, and all such equipment is expressly excluded from this warranty. STANDARD HORIZON disclaims liability for range, coverage, or operation of the Product and ancillary equipment as a whole under this warranty. STANDARD HORIZON reserves the right to make changes or improvements in Products, during subsequent production, without incurring the obligation to install such changes or improvements on previously manufactured Products.

The implied warranties which the law imposes on the sale of this Product are expressly LIMITED, in duration, to the time period specified above. STANDARD HORIZON shall not be liable under any circumstances for consequential damages resulting from the use and operation of this Product, or from the breach of this LIMITED WARRANTY, any implied warranties, or any contract with STANDARD HORIZON. IN CONNECTION WITH THE SALE OF ITS PRODUCTS, STANDARD HORIZON MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED AS TO THE MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, or limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply. This warranty gives specific legal rights,
and there may be other rights which may vary from state to state.

ONLY PRODUCTS SOLD ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 1991 ARE COVERED UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY.

**ON-LINE WARRANTY REGISTRATION**

THANK YOU for buying Marine Division of Vertex Standard products! We are confident your new radio will serve your needs for many years!

Please visit [www.standardhorizon.com](http://www.standardhorizon.com) to register the **Phantom PS1000** Marine VHF. It should be noted that visiting the Web site from time to time may be beneficial to you, as new products are released they will appear on the STANDARD HORIZON Web site. Also a statement regarding product support should be added to the manual.

Product Support Inquiries

If you have any questions or comments regarding the use of the **Phantom PS1000**, you can visit the STANDARD HORIZON Web site to send an E-Mail or contact the Product Support team at (714) 827-7600 ext 6300 M-F 7:00-5:00PST.

In addition to the warranty, STANDARD HORIZON includes a lifetime “flat rate” and “customer loyalty” programs to provide service after the warranty period has expired. If you wish to obtain the flat rate price for out-of-warranty repair, you must include the information on the Owner's Record with the unit when you return it to your Dealer or to STANDARD HORIZON.

Lifetime Flat Rate Service Program: For the original Owner only, for the lifetime of the unit, STANDARD HORIZON will repair the unit to original specifications.

Note: The flat rate amount is payable by the Owner only if STANDARD HORIZON or the STANDARD HORIZON Dealer determines that a repair is needed. After the repair, a 90-day warranty will be in effect from the date of return of the unit to the Owner.

This service program is not available for equipment which has failed as a result of neglect, accident, breakage, misuse, improper installation or modification, or water damage (depending on the product).
16 SPECIFICATIONS

Performance specifications are nominal, unless otherwise indicated, and are subject to change without notice.

16.1 GENERAL

Channels ................................................................. All USA, International and Canadian
Input Voltage .................................................................................................................. 13.8 VDC ±20%
Current Drain
   Standby .................................................................................................................. 0.3 A
   Receive .................................................................................................................... 0.5 A
   Transmit ................................................................. 5.5 A (Hi); 1.5 A (Lo)
Dimensions ................................................................. 2-1/2” H x 6-5/16” W x 6-5/16” D
   (64 H x 160 W x 160 D mm)
Flush-Mount Dimensions ........................................... 2” H x 5-5/16” W x 5-1/8” D
   (50 H x 136 W x 130 D mm)
Weight .................................................................................................................... 2.2 lbs (1 kg)

16.2 TRANSMITTER

Frequency Range ................................................................. 156.025 to 157.425 MHz
RF Output .................................................................................................................. 25 W (Hi); 1 W (Lo)
Conducted Spurious Emissions ................................................................. 80 dB (Hi); 60 dB (Lo)
Audio Response ........................................................................................................ +1/-3 of a 6 dB/octave pre-emphasis characteristic at 300 to 3000 Hz
Audio Distortion ........................................................................................................ 5 %
Modulation ................................................................. 16K0G3E, for DSC 16K0G2B
Frequency Stability (-20°C to +50°C) ................................................................. ±0.0005%
FM Hum and Noise ................................................................................................... 50 dB

16.3 RECEIVER

Frequency Range ................................................................. 156.050 to 163.275 MHz
Sensitivity
   20 dB Quieting .................................................................................................... 0.35 µV
   12 dB SINAD ...................................................................................................... 0.25 µV
   Squelch Sensitivity (Threshold) ....................................................................... 0.13 µV
Modulation Acceptance Bandwidth ........................................................................ ±7.5 kHz
Selectivity
   Spurious and Image Rejection ........................................................................... better than -70 dB
   Intermodulation and Rejection at 12 dB SINAD ............................................ better than -70 dB
Audio Output (CMP25) .......................................................................................... 2 W
Audio Response ........................................................................................................ within +2/-8 of a 6 dB/octave de-emphasis characteristic at 300 to 3000 Hz
Frequency Stability (-20°C to +50°C) ................................................................. ±0.0005 %
Channel Spacing ..................................................................................................... 25 kHz
DSC Format ........................................................................................................ RTCMSC101
NMEA Input/Output ............................................................................................ Output - DSC, DSE
   Input - GLL, GGA, RMC and GNS