Matrix GX1280S
25 Watt VHF/FM
Marine Transceiver

Owner's Manual

- Submersible
- DSC distress call automatically broadcasts lat/long and vessel ID*
- DSC position request function and NMEA data input/output
- Latitude/Longitude and SOG/COG display*
- Channel name capability
- Optional RAM+ second station remote microphone
- Versatile user-programmable Scanning, Priority Scan and Dual Watch
- NOAA Weather Alert
- One-button access to Channel 16 and 9
- Access to all US, Canadian and International channels
- Big, back-lit display and keys

* with GPS attached
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SAFETY / WARNING INFORMATION

This radio is restricted to occupational use, work related operations only where the radio operator must have the knowledge to control the exposure conditions of its passengers and bystanders by maintaining the minimum separation distance of 0.6 m (2 feet).

Failure to observe these restrictions will result in exceeding the FCC RF exposure limits.

Antenna Installation:
The antenna must be located at least 0.6 m (2 feet) away from passengers in order to comply with the FCC RF exposure requirements.

ON-LINE WARRANTY REGISTRATION

Please visit www.standardhorizon.com to register the MATRIX Marine VHF. It should be noted that visiting the Web site from time to time may be beneficial to you, as new products are released they will appear on the STANDARD HORIZON Web site.

PRODUCT SUPPORT INQUIRIES

If you have any questions or comments regarding the use of the MATRIX, you can visit the STANDARD HORIZON Web site to send an E-Mail or contact the Product Support team at 800-767-2450 M-F 7:00-5:00PST.
FCC RADIO LICENSE INFORMATION

Standard Horizon radios comply with the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) requirements that regulate the Maritime Radio Service.

STATION LICENSE
An FCC ship station license is no longer required for any vessel traveling in U.S. waters (except Hawaii) which is under 20 meters in length. However, any vessel required to carry a marine radio on an international voyage, carrying a HF single side band radiotelephone or marine satellite terminal is required to have a ship station license. FCC license forms, including applications for ship (506) and land station licenses can be downloaded via the Internet at www.fcc.gov/forms. To obtain a form from the FCC, call (888) 225-5322.

RADIO CALL SIGN
Currently the FCC does not require recreational boaters to have a Ship Radio Station License. The USCG recommends the boats registration number and the state to be used.

CANADIAN SHIP STATION LICENSING
You may need a license when traveling in Canada. If you do need a license contact their nearest field office or regional office or write:

    Industry Canada
    Radio Regulatory Branch
    Attn: DOSP
    300 Slater Street
    Ottawa, Ontario
    Canada, KIA 0C8
FCC NOTICE

NOTICE
Unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment may void compliance with FCC Rules. Any change or modification must be approved in writing by STANDARD HORIZON.

NOTICE
This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
ABOUT VHF RADIO
The radio frequencies used in the VHF marine band lie between 156 and 158 MHz with some shore stations available between 161 and 163 MHz. The marine VHF band provides communications over distances that are essentially “line of sight” (VHF signals do not travel well through objects such as buildings, hills or trees). Actual transmission range depends much more on antenna type, gain and height than on the power output of the transmitter. On a fixed mount 25W radio transmission expected distances can be greater than 15 miles, for a portable 5W radio transmission the expected distance can be greater than 5 miles in “line of sight”.

SELECTING AN ANTENNA
Marine antennas are made to radiate signals equally in all horizontal directions, but not straight up. The objective of a marine antenna is to enhance the signal toward the horizon. The degree to which this is accomplished is called the antenna’s gain. It is measured in decibels (dB) and is one of the major factors in choosing an antenna. In terms of effective radiated power (ERP), antennas are rated on the basis of how much gain they have over a theoretical antenna with zero gain. A 3 foot, 3dB gain antenna represents twice as much gain over the imaginary antenna.

Typically a 3 foot 3dB gain stainless steel whip is used on a sailboat mast. The longer 8 foot 6dB fiberglass whip is primarily used on power boats that require the additional gain.
COAXIAL CABLE
VHF antennas are connected to the transceiver by means of a coaxial cable – a shielded transmission line. Coaxial cable is specified by its diameter and construction.

For runs less than 20 feet, RG-58/U, about 1/4 inch in diameter is a good choice. For runs over 20 feet but less than 50 feet, the larger RG-8X or RG-213/U should be used for cable runs over 50 feet RG-8X should be used. For installation of the connector onto the coaxial cable refer to the figure below.

To get your coax cable through a fitting and into your boat’s interior, you may have to cut off the end plug and reattach it later. You can do this if you follow the directions that come with the connector. Be sure to make good soldered connections.
1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 INTRODUCTION
The STANDARD HORIZON MATRIX is a VHF/FM transceiver designed for use in the frequency range of 156.025 to 163.275 MHz. The MATRIX can be operated from 11 to 16 VDC and has a switchable RF output power of 1 watt or 25 watts.

The MATRIX is capable of RTCM SC101 DSC (Digital Selective Calling) operation and second station operation with the use of the improved optional RAM+ mic (CMP25 remote-control speaker/microphone with display).

The MATRIX operates on all currently-allocated marine channels which are switchable for use with USA, International, or Canadian regulations. It has an emergency channel 16 which can be immediately selected from any channel by pressing the red [16/9] key. NOAA Weather channels can also be accessed immediately by pressing the [WX] key with channel selection.

Other features of the transceiver include: scanning, priority scanning, submersible speaker mic, high and low voltage warning, and GPS repeatability.

1.2 FCC / INDUSTRY CANADA INFORMATION
The following data pertaining to the transceiver is necessary to fill out the license application.

Type Acceptance ............................................................................. FCC Part 80
Output Power ............................................................................. 1 Watt (low) and 25 Watts (high)
Emission .................................................................................... 16K0G3E, 16K0G2B
Frequency Range ......................................................................... 156.025 to 163.275 MHz
FCC Type Number ...................................................................... K66GX1280S
Industry Canada Type Approval .................................................. 511B-GX1280S V
2 PACKING LIST

When the package containing the transceiver is first opened, please check it for the following contents:

- **GX1280S MATRIX** Transceiver (White/Black)
- Mounting Bracket and attaching hardware
- Owner’s Manual
- Quick-Reference Card
- Power Cord
- Dust Cover

3 OPTIONS

<table>
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<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>MMB-84</td>
<td>Flush-Mount Bracket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMP25B/W</td>
<td>Remote-Access Microphone (RAM+ Mic, Black/White)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CT-100</td>
<td>10-foot Extension Cable for RAM+ Mic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CVS2500</td>
<td>Voice Scrambler</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101S</td>
<td>Mini Extension Speaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201S</td>
<td>White Extension Speaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201SZ</td>
<td>White Flush Mount Extension Speaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201SBK</td>
<td>Black Extension Speaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201SBKZ</td>
<td>Black Flush Mount Extension Speaker</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4 INSTALLATION

4.1 LOCATION
The radio can be mounted at any angle. Choose a mounting location that:
• is far enough from any compass to avoid any deviation in compass reading due to the speaker magnet
• provides accessibility to the front panel controls
• allows connection to a power source and an antenna
• has nearby space for installation of a microphone hanger
• the antenna must be mounted at least 3 feet from radio

**Note:** To insure the radio does not affect the compass or radios performance is not affected by the antenna location, temporarily connect the radio in the desired location and:
a. Examine the compass to see if the radio causes any deviation
b. Connect the antenna and key the radio. Check to ensure the radio is operating correctly by requesting a radio check.

4.2 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

**CAUTION**
Reverse polarity connections will damage the radio!

Connect the power cord and antenna to the radio. Antenna and Power Supply connections are as follows (see Figure 1):

![Diagram of General Installation](Image)

1. Mount the antenna at least 3 feet away from the radio. At the rear of the radio, connect the antenna cable. It must have a PL259 connector. RG-8/U coaxial cable must be used if the antenna is 25 feet or more from the radio.
radio. RG58 cable can be used for distances less than 25 feet.
2. Connect the red power wire to a 13.8 VDC ±20% power source. Connect the black power wire to a negative ground.
3. If an optional remote extension speaker is to be used, refer to section 3.3 for connections.
4. It is advisable to have a Certified Marine Technician check the power output and the standing wave ratio of the antenna after installation.

4.3 ACCESSORY CABLE

White: External speaker (+)
Shield: External speaker (–)
Blue: NMEA IN (+) from GPS navigation receiver
Green: NMEA IN (–) from GPS navigation receiver
Gray: NMEA OUT (+) to GPS navigation receiver
Brown: Test port (for the Service Technician)

When connecting the external speaker or GPS navigation receiver, strip off about 1 inch (2.5 cm) of the specified wire’s insulation, then splice the ends together.

<table>
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<th>Connection Examples</th>
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<tr>
<td>WHITE - External Speaker (+)</td>
<td>Connect to external 4 Ohm audio speaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHILED - External Speaker (–)</td>
<td>Connect to external 4 Ohm audio speaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GREEN - NMEA Ground</td>
<td>Connect to NMEA (–) connection of GPS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLUE- NMEA Input (+)</td>
<td>Connect to NMEA (+) output of GPS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRAY-NMEA Output (+)</td>
<td>Connect to NMEA (+) input of GPS</td>
</tr>
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</table>
## 4.4 CONNECTION OF GPS WITH NMEA OUTPUT

### Additional Information:
- The GPS must have the NMEA Output turned on and set to 4800 Baud in the setup menu. If there is a selection for parity select none.
- For further information on interfacing /setting up your GPS. Please contact the manufacturer of the GPS receiver.
- **MATRIX** can read NMEA-0183 version 2.0 or higher.
- The NMEA supported sentences are:
  - GLL, GGA, RMC and GNS (RMC sentence is recommended)

If you have further inquires, please feel free to contact Product Support at:
Phone: (800) 767-2450
Email: marinetech@vxstdusa.com

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer/Model</th>
<th>Wires</th>
<th>MATRIX</th>
<th>Manufacturer/Model</th>
<th>Wires</th>
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<tr>
<td>STANDARD HORIZON CP150, CP160 and CP-170C</td>
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<td>Lowrance Portable</td>
<td>Orange</td>
<td>Blue</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>Blue</td>
<td>Magellan Fixed Mount</td>
<td>Black (GND)</td>
<td>Green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furuno GP30, 36</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>Blue</td>
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<td>Black (GND)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Northstar</td>
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<td>Raytheon 420</td>
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<td>Black (GND)</td>
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<td>Brown</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Raytheon 520 / 620</td>
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<td>JRC 100 SERIES</td>
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<td>Raytheon RL SERIES</td>
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<td>JRC 200 SERIES</td>
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<td>Sitex Neptune, Nautilus</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black (GND)</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td></td>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>Green</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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4.5 CHECKING GPS CONNECTIONS
After connections have been made between the MATRIX and the GPS, a small satellite icon will appear on the top right corner of the LCD display. To see additional GPS information press and hold the [H/L] (NAV) key until the MATRIX shows the Date, Time, SOG and COG.

4.6 CHANGING THE GPS TIME
From the Factory the MATRIX shows GPS satellite time or UTC time. A time offset is needed to offset this time to show the local time in your area.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “TIME SET” with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select time offset from UTC. See illustration below to find your offset time from UTC. If “0:00” is assigned, the time is the same as UTC (Universal Time Coordinated or GMT Greenwich Mean Time).
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the time offset.
6. Press the [16/9] key or turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “EXIT,” then press the [CALL/SET] key to return to the “RADIO SETUP” menu, select “EXIT” and press the [CALL/SET] key to return to radio operation.
4.7 CHANGING COG TO TRUE OR MAGNETIC

Allows customizing the NAV data showing GPS Course Over Ground (COG). Factory default is True however following the steps below the COG can be changed to Magnetic.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “TRUE MAG” in the “RADIO SETUP” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “MAGNETIC” or “TRUE.”
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected setting.
6. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “EXIT,” then press the [CALL/SET] key to return to the “RADIO SETUP” menu, select “EXIT” and press the [CALL/SET] key to return to radio operation.
4.8 OPTIONAL MMB-84 FLUSH MOUNT INSTALLATION

1. Make a rectangular template for the flush mount measuring 2-5/8” H x 6-5/8” W.

2. Use the template to mark the location where the rectangular hole is to be cut. Confirm the space behind the dash or panel is deep enough to accommodate the transceiver (at least 6 inches deep). There should be at least 1/2 inch between the transceiver’s heatsink and any wiring, cables or structures.

3. Cut out the rectangular hole and insert the transceiver.

4. Fasten the brackets to the sides of the transceiver with the lock washer nut combination; so that the mounting screw base faces the mounting surface (see Figure 2).

5. Turn the adjusting screw to adjust the tension so that the transceiver is tight against the mounting surface.

Figure 2. MMB-84 Flush Mount Installation
4.9 OPTIONAL CMP25 RAM+ MIC INSTALLATION

1. Connect the RAM+ MIC Cable to the RAM MIC CONNECTOR on the rear panel, then tighten the Cable Nut (See Figure 3).

2. Referring to Figure 3, make a 1.2” (30 mm) hole in the wall, then insert the RAM+ MIC Cable into this hole. Connect the Gasket and Mount Base to the RAM+ MIC Cable Connector using the Nut.

3. Drill the four Screw holes (approx. 2 mm) on the wall, then install the Mounting Base to the wall using four screws.

4. Put the Rubber Cap on to the Nut. The installation is now completed.

Figure 3. CMP25 RAM+ MIC Installation
5 CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

NOTE
This section defines each control of the transceiver. See Figure 4 for location of controls. For detailed operating instructions refer to chapter 6 of this manual.

5.1 CONTROLS AND CONNECTIONS

1 POWER SWITCH/VOLUME CONTROL
Turns the transceiver on and off as well as adjusts the audio volume. To turn the transceiver on press and hold this knob until the LCD turns on. To turn it off, press and hold this knob until the LCD turns off. When the power is turned on, the transceiver is set to the last selected channel.

Secondary Use
When the transceiver is turned on while the [SCAN] and [WX] keys are held down, the internal microprocessor is reset. This clears the memory and all user-programmed settings, such as scan memory, and priority scan assignments. This condition is known as the default condition, the same as when shipped from the factory. For a list of these defaults, see the section 6.18  Resetting the Transceiver’s Microprocessor.

NOTE
Resetting the microprocess will not erase the DSC MMSI and the Individual Directory Call information.

2 SQUELCH CONTROL (SQL)
Adjusting this control clockwise, sets the point at which random noise on the channel does not activate the audio circuits but a received signal does. This point is called the squelch threshold. Further adjustment of the squelch control will degrade reception of wanted transmissions.

3 CHANNEL SELECTOR KNOB
Rotary knob used to select channels and to choose menu items (such as the DSC menu, radio setup and DSC setup menu). The [UP(▲)] / [DOWN(▼)] key on the microphone can also be used to select channels and menu items.

Secondary Use
While holding down the [SCAN] Key and turning the CHANNEL selector knob, you can confirm memory channels for scanning.
Figure 4. Controls and Connectors
**KEYPAD**

[16/9] Key
Immediately recalls channel 16 from any channel location. Holding down this key recalls channel 9. Pressing the [16/9] key again reverts to the previous selected working channel.

*Secondary use*
Press and hold the [16/9] key then press the [WX] key to switch between USA, International and Canadian bands.

[WX] Key
Immediately recalls the previously selected NOAA weather channel from any channel.

*Secondary use*
1. Holding down the [16/9] key while pressing the [WX] key changes the mode from USA to International or Canadian.
2. Holding down the [WX] and [SCAN] key while turning the power on resets the microprocessor and erases scan channels from memory. This clears the memory and establishes the factory-set defaults. For a list of these defaults, see the section on 6.19 Resetting the Transceiver’s Microprocessor.

[SCAN] / [MEM] Key
1. Starts and stops scanning of programmed channels.
2. If held while the [UP(▲)] or [DOWN(▼)] key on the microphone are pressed or CHANNEL selector knob on radio is turned, the radio will show the channels programmed in scan memory. This function will not work if the unit is scanning.

   *NOTE:* The priority channel is channel 16 only.
3. Pressing and holding again will delete the channel from scan memory.

[H/L] / [NAV] Key
Toggles between 25 W (High) and 1 W (Low) power. When the [H/L] key is pressed while the transceiver is on channel 13 or 67, the power will temporarily switch from LO to HI power until the PTT is released. The [H/L] key does not function on transmit inhibited and low power only channels.

*Secondary use*
Press and hold [H/L] key, the LCD displays NAV GPS Data, Time, SOG (Speed Over Ground), and COG (Course Over Ground) when a GPS is connected to the accessory cable of the MATRIX. See section 4.4 CONNECTION OF GPS WITH NMEA OUTPUT.
[DW] / [IC] Key
Scans for voice communications on CH16 and another selected channel until a signal is received on either channel. (Dual watch)

**NOTE:** When the DSC SCANNING feature is enabled (see section 7.2 DSC SCAN), the radio watches for a transmission on CH16, another selected channel, and **CH70** until a signal is received (Triple watch).

**Secondary use**
Press and hold [DW] key, when the optional RAM+ Mic is connected, intercom operation will operate between radio and RAM+ Mic.

[CALL/SET] / [MENU] Key
The [CALL/SET] key functions as the enter key.

**Secondary use**
Press the [CALL/SET] key to access the DSC OPERATION menu. The “INDIVIDUAL CALL,” “GROUP CALL,” “ALL SHIPS CALL,” “POSITION REQUEST,” “POSITION SEND,” “STANDBY MODE,” and “CALL WAITING” functions can be accessed from the DSC OPERATION menu.

Press and hold the [CALL/SET] key to access the RADIO SETUP or DSC SETUP menu. The following functions can be accessed in the menu (refer to Section 7).

---

**[DISTRESS] Key**
Used to send a DSC Distress Call. To send the distress call refer to section 7.5.1 (Transmitting A DSC Distress Call).

---

5 **RAM MIC CONNECTOR**
Connects the **MATRIX** to the enhanced RAM+ MIC (Remote Access Microphone). Refer to section 9 RAM+ MIC OPERATION.
ACCESSORY CONNECTION CABLE
Connects the MATRIX to a GPS, and an external speaker. See section 3 OPTIONS for a list of speakers STANDARD HORIZON offers.

DC INPUT CABLE
Connects the radio to a DC power supply capable of delivering 12V DC.

ANTENNA JACK
Connects an antenna to the transceiver. Use a marine VHF antenna with an impedance of 50 ohms.

PTT (Push-To-Talk) SWITCH
Keys the transmitter when the transceiver is in radio mode. If the transceiver is in the intercom operation mode (between the RAM+ and the MATRIX), it activates the MATRIX microphone for voice communications.

MICROPHONE
Transmits the voice message with reduction of background noise.

MICROPHONE SPEAKER
The same audio heard through internal radio speaker is heard through microphone speaker.

[UP(▲)] / [DOWN(▼)] KEYS
The [UP(▲)] and [DOWN(▼)] on the microphone function the same as the CHANNEL selector knob on the front panel of the transceiver.

[16/9] Key
Pressing the [16/9] key immediately recalls channel 16 from any location. Press and hold the [16/9] key to recall channel 9. Pressing the [16/9] key again will revert the radio to the previous selected channel.
6 BASIC OPERATION

6.1 RECEPTION
1. After the transceiver has been installed, ensure that the power supply and antenna are properly connected.
2. Press and hold the VOL/PWR knob until the radio turns on.
3. Turn the SQL knob fully counterclockwise. This state is known as “squelch off”.
4. Turn up the VOL/PWR knob until noise or audio from the speaker is at a comfortable level.
5. Turn the SQL knob clockwise until the random noise disappears. This state is known as the “squelch threshold.”
6. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select the desired channel. Refer to the channel chart on page 62 for available channels.
7. When a message is received, adjust the volume to the desired listening level. The “BUSY” indicator in the LCD is displayed indicating that the channel is being used.

6.2 TRANSMISSION
1. Perform steps 1 through 6 of RECEPTION.
2. Before transmitting, monitor the channel to ensure it is clear.
   THIS IS AN FCC REQUIREMENT!
3. Press the PTT (push-to-talk) switch. The “TX” indicator on the LCD is displayed.
4. Speak slowly and clearly into the microphone.
5. When the transmission is finished, release the PTT switch.

NOTE
This is a noise-canceling microphone. The oval slot on the bottom of microphone should be positioned within 1 inch (2.5 cm) from the mouth for optimum performance.

6.3 TRANSMIT TIME - OUT TIMER (TOT)
When the PTT switch on the microphone is held down, transmit time is limited to 5 minutes. This limits unintentional transmissions due to a stuck microphone. About 10 seconds before automatic transmitter shutdown, a warning beep will be heard from the speaker(s). The transceiver will automatically go to receive mode, even if the PTT switch is continually held down. Before transmitting again, the PTT switch must first be released and then pressed again.
6.4 SIMPLEX/DUPLEX CHANNEL USE
Refer to the VHF MARINE CHANNEL CHART (page 63) for instructions on use of simplex and duplex channels.

NOTE
All channels are factory-programmed in accordance with FCC (USA), Industry Canada (Canada), and International regulations. Mode of operation cannot be altered from simplex to duplex or vice-versa.

6.5 USA, CANADA, AND INTERNATIONAL MODE
1. To change the modes, hold the [16/9] key and press the [WX] key. The mode changes from USA to International to Canadian with each press of the [WX] key.
2. “USA” will be displayed on the LCD for USA mode, “INTL” will be displayed for International mode, and “CAN” will be displayed for Canadian mode.
3. Refer to the VHF MARINE CHANNEL CHART (page 63) for allocated channels in each mode.

6.6 NOAA WEATHER CHANNELS
1. To receive a NOAA weather channel, press the [WX] key from any channel. The transceiver will go to the last selected weather channel.
2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob on the radio or [UP(▲)] / [DOWN(▼)] keys on the microphone to select a different NOAA weather channel.
3. To exit from the NOAA weather channels, press the [WX] key. The transceiver returns to the channel it was on prior to a weather channel.
6.7 NOAA WEATHER ALERT
In the event of extreme weather disturbances, such as storms and hurricanes, the NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration) sends a weather alert accompanied by a 1050 Hz tone and subsequent weather report on one of the NOAA weather channels. When the Weather Alert feature is enabled (see section 8.5 WX ALERT), the transceiver is capable of receiving this alert if the following is performed:

1. Program NOAA weather channels into the transceiver’s memory for scanning. Follow the same procedure as for regular channels under section 6.15.
2. Press the [SCAN] key once to start memory scanning or hold down the [SCAN] key during memory scanning to start priority scanning.
3. The programmed NOAA weather channels will be scanned along with the regular-programmed channels. However, scanning will not stop on a normal weather broadcast unless a NOAA alert is received.
4. When an alert is received on a NOAA weather channel, scanning will stop and the transceiver will emit a loud beep to alert the user of a NOAA broadcast.
5. Press the [WX] key to stop the alert tone and receive the weather report.

**NOTE**

If the [WX] key is not pressed the alert tone will be emitted for 5 minutes and then the weather report will be received.

**NOTE**

The Weather Alert feature is also engaged while the transceiver is receiving on one of the NOAA weather channels.

6.8 NOAA WEATHER ALERT TESTING
In the event of a major storm or other appreciable weather condition requiring vessels at sea or other bodies of water to be notified, the NOAA (National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration) broadcasts a 1050 Hz tone that some marine VHF radios can detect. (Refer to Section 6.7 “NOAA WEATHER ALERT” on how to use this feature.) This tone, when detected, will produce a loud beep from the radio speaker to signal that a weather alert is being broadcast.

In order to test this system, the NOAA broadcasts the 1050 Hz tone every Wednesday, sometime between 11 AM and 1 PM.
6.9 EMERGENCY (CHANNEL 16 USE)
Channel 16 is known as the Hail and Distress Channel. An emergency may be defined as a threat to life or property. In such instances, be sure the transceiver is on and set to CHANNEL 16. Then use the following procedure:

1. Press the microphone push-to-talk switch and say “Mayday, Mayday, Mayday. This is ___ , ___ , ___ ” (your vessel’s name).
2. Then repeat once: “Mayday, ___ ” (your vessel’s name).
3. Now report your position in latitude/longitude, or by giving a true or magnetic bearing (state which) to a well-known landmark such as a navigation aid or geographic feature such as an island or harbor entry.
4. Explain the nature of your distress (sinking, collision, aground, fire, heart attack, life-threatening injury, etc.).
5. State the kind of assistance your desire (pumps, medical aid, etc.).
6. Report the number of persons aboard and condition of any injured.
7. Estimate the present seaworthiness and condition of your vessel.
8. Give your vessel’s description: length, design (power or sail), color and other distinguishing marks. The total transmission should not exceed 1 minute.
9. End the message by saying “OVER”. Release the microphone button and listen.
10. If there is no answer, repeat the above procedure. If there is still no response, try another channel.

6.10 CALLING ANOTHER VESSEL (CHANNEL 16 OR 9)
Channel 16 may be used for initial contact (hailing) with another vessel. However, its most important use is for emergency messages. This channel must be monitored at all times except when actually using another channel. It is monitored by the U.S. and Canadian Coast Guards and by other vessels. Use of channel 16 for hailing must be limited to initial contact only. Calling should not exceed 30 seconds, but may be repeated 3 times at 2-minute intervals. In areas of heavy radio traffic, congestion on channel 16 resulting from its use as a hailing channel can be reduced significantly in U.S. waters by using channel 9 as the initial contact (hailing) channel for non-emergency communications. Here, also, calling time should not exceed 30 seconds but may be repeated 3 times at 2-minute intervals. 
Prior to making contact with another vessel, refer to the channel charts in this manual, and select an appropriate channel for communications after initial contact. For example, Channels 68 and 69 of the U.S. VHF Charts are
some of the channels available to non-commercial (recreational) boaters. Monitor your desired channel in advance to make sure you will not be interrupting other traffic, and then go back to either channel 16 or 9 for your initial contact.

When the hailing channel (16 or 9) is clear, state the name of the other vessel you wish to call and then “this is” followed by the name of your vessel and your Station License (Call Sign). When the other vessel returns your call, immediately request another channel by saying “go to,” the number of the other channel, and “over.” Then switch to the new channel. When the new channel is not busy, call the other vessel.

After a transmission, say “over,” and release the microphone’s push-to-talk (PTT) switch. When all communication with the other vessel is completed, end the last transmission by stating your Call Sign and the word “out.” Note that it is not necessary to state your Call Sign with each transmission, only at the beginning and end of the contact.

Remember to return to Channel 16 when not using another channel. Some radios automatically monitor Channel 16 even when set to other channels or when scanning.

6.11 MAKING TELEPHONE CALLS
To make a radiotelephone call, use a channel designated for this purpose, The fastest way to learn which channels are used for radiotelephone traffic is to ask at a local marina. Channels available for such traffic are designated Public Correspondence channels on the channel charts in this manual. Some examples for USA use are Channels 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 84, 85, 86, and 87. Call the marine operator and identify yourself by your vessel’s name, The marine operator will then ask you how you will pay for the call (telephone credit card, collect, etc.) and then link your radio transmission to the telephone lines.

The marine telephone company managing the VHF channel you are using may charge a link-up fee in addition to the cost of the call.

6.12 OPERATING ON CHANNELS 13 AND 67
Channel 13 is used at docks and bridges and by vessels maneuvering in port. Messages on this channel must concern navigation only, such as meeting and passing in restricted waters.

Channel 67 is used for navigational traffic between vessels.
By regulation, power is normally limited to 1 Watt on these channels. Your radio is programmed to automatically reduce power to this limit on these channels. However, in certain situations it may be necessary to temporarily use a higher power. See page 20 (H/L key) for means to temporarily override the low-power limit on these two channels.

6.13 PROHIBITED COMMUNICATIONS
The FCC prohibits the following communications:
- False distress or emergency messages:
- Messages to “any boat” except in emergencies and radio tests;
- Messages to or from a vessel on land;
- Transmission while on land;
- Obscene, indecent, or profane language (potential fine of $10,000).

6.14 DUAL WATCH (TO CH16)
1. Adjust the SQL knob until the background noise disappears.
2. Select the channel you wish to dual watch to Ch16.
3. Press the [DW] key. The display will scan between CH16 and the channel that was selected in step 2.
   If a transmission is received on the channel selected in step 2, the MATRIX will dual watch to Ch16.
4. To stop Dual Watch press the [DW] key again.

6.15 MEMORY SCANNING (M-SCAN)
NOTE
During scanning, the dot matrix area of the LCD will show “M-SCAN” or “P-SCAN” depending on the scan mode selected.

1. Adjust the SQL knob until background noise disappears.
2. Select a desired channel to be scanned using the CHANNEL selector knob. Press and hold the [SCAN] key, “MEM” will appear on the LCD which indicates the channel has been programmed into the transceivers memory.
3. Repeat step 2 for all the desired channels to be scanned.
4. To DELETE a channel from the transceiver’s memory, select the channel then press and hold the [SCAN] key, “MEM” will disappear in the LCD.
5. To start scanning, press the [SCAN] key. Scanning will proceed from the lowest to the highest programmed channel number and will stop on a channel when a transmission is received.

6. The channel number will blink during reception.

7. To stop scanning, press the [SCAN], [16/9], [WX], [CALL/SET], or PTT key.

### 6.16 PRIORITY SCANNING (P-SCAN)

1. Channel 16 is set as the priority channel and cannot be changed.

2. To select priority scanning, press the [SCAN] key to start memory scanning (“M-SCAN” will appear), then press and hold down the [SCAN] key until “P-SCAN” appears on the LCD. Scanning will proceed between the memorized channels and the priority channel. CH 16 the priority channel will be scanned after each programmed channel.

3. To stop scanning, press the [SCAN], [16/9], [WX], [CALL/SET], or PTT key.

**NOTE**

Triple watch (T/W) means the radio is watching CH70 for DSC Calls. Dual watch (D/W) means the radio is not watching CH70 for DSC Calls.

### 6.17 NAVIGATION INDICATION

The transceiver has the ability to display the time, SOG and COG date, as well as the vessel’s position (LAT/LON), when connected to a GPS receiver.

1. Press and hold the [H/L] key to display position information. If the GPS receiver is not receiving a fix, the display will be as shown in the illustration on the right.

2. To hide the position information, press the [H/L] key.
6.18 VOICE SCRAMBLER
If privacy of communications is desired, a CVS2500 voice scrambler (VS) can be installed in the transceiver. Contact your Dealer to have a CVS2500 installed. Refer to the section 8.9 VOICE SCRAMBLER to program the voice scrambler.

1. Turn on the transceiver.
2. Select a channel that was programmed for scrambler mode (“VS” will appear on the LCD).
   - If a channel is not set for the voice scrambler, the display will be as shown in the illustration at the right (“VS” will disappear from the LCD).
   - If a voice scrambler is canceled temporarily in the “SETUP” menu, the display will be as shown in the illustration at the right.
3. Monitor the channel before transmitting.
4. Transmit the voice message. The signal sent will be scrambled.

6.19 resetting the transceiver’s microprocessor
Resetting the microprocessor restores the initial, factory supplied conditions in the transceiver. These are called the default conditions.

To reset the microprocessor, first turn the transceiver off. Then while pressing the [WX] and [SCAN] keys, turn the transceiver on. The default conditions are:

- No channels in the SCAN memory.
- Channel 16 will be selected when the transceiver is turned on.
- WX channel 01 will be recalled when the [WX] key is pressed.
- Key beep will be on.

NOTE
Resetting the microprocessor will not erase DSC MMSI and Directory Call Waiting information.
7 DIGITAL SELECTIVE CALLING

7.1 GENERAL

WARNING

This radio is designed to generate a digital maritime distress and safety call to facilitate search and rescue. To be effective as a safety device, this equipment must be used only within communication range of a shore-based VHF marine channel 70 distress and safety watch system. The range of signal may vary but under normal conditions should be approximately 20 nautical miles.

Digital Selective Calling is a semi-automated method of establishing a radio call, it has been designated by the International Maritime Organization (IMO) as an international standard for establishing VHF, MF and HF radio calls. It has also been designated as part of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS). It is planned that DSC will eventually replace aural watches on distress frequencies and will be used to announce routine and urgent maritime safety information broadcasts.

This new system allows mariners to instantly send a distress call with GPS position (when connected to the transceiver) to the US Coast Guard and other vessels within range of the transmission. DSC will also allow mariners to initiate or receive Distress, Urgency, Safety, Routine, POSITION REQUEST, POSITION SEND, and Group calls to or from another vessel equipped with a DSC transceiver.

7.2 DSC SCAN

When the radio is shipped from the factory it is programmed so CH70 (the DSC channel) is scanned at all times. A selection is provided in the SETUP MENU to disable the DSC SCAN. Turning off DSC SCAN will disable the radio from receiving DSC calls (i.e.: Distress Call, Individual Call, All Ships Call, and Position Requests). If you want to use any of the functions the selection must be left ON.

To Change DSC SCAN Method:
1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “DSC SETUP” menu.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “DSC
SCAN” with the CHANNEL selector knob.

4. Press the [CALL/SET] key.

5. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “ON” or “OFF.”

6. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected setting.

7. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

7.3 USCG DSC WATCH

The USCG has plans to upgrade its VHF National Distress System (expected by 2005), so at the time of printing only larger vessels that are required to carry VHF DSC radios will be able to hear your distress transmission.

7.3.1 Maritime Mobile Service Identity (MMSI)

What is an MMSI?

An MMSI is a nine digit number used on Marine Transceivers capable of using Digital Selective Calling (DSC). This number is used like a telephone number to selectively call other vessels.

THIS NUMBER MUST BE PROGRAMMED INTO THE RADIO TO OPERATE THE MATRIX DSC FUCTIONS.

How can I obtain an MMSI assignment?

Boat US offers free MMSI numbers. Visit the following to register:
http://www.boatus.com/mmsi/.

7.3.2 Programming the MMSI

NOTE

User MMSI can be input only twice. If the user tries to input MMSI more than twice, the radio will show the display on the right. If the user needs to change the MMSI more than twice, the transceiver will have to be sent to Factory Service. Refer to the section 10.2 FACTORY SERVICE.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until the “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.

2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to the left to select “DSC SETUP” menu.

3. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “USER MMSI” with the CHANNEL selector knob.

4. Press the [CALL/SET] key. The “User MMSI” num-
5. Select first number of your MMSI, then press the [CALL/SET] key to step to the next number.
6. Repeat step 5 to set your MMSI (up to nine digits).
7. When finished programming the number, press and hold the [CALL/SET] key to store the number in memory.
8. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

7.4 ADDITIONAL DIGITAL SELECTIVE CALLING INFORMATION
For additional information the USCG has an excellent site that should be visited at www.navcen.uscg.mil/marcoms/gmdss/dsc.html.

7.5 DSC DISTRESS CALL
The MATRIX is capable of transmitting and receiving DSC Distress messages to all DSC radios. The MATRIX may be connected to a GPS to also transmit the Latitude, Longitude of the vessel.

7.5.1 Transmitting A DSC Distress Call

NOTE

To be able to transmit a DSC distress call a MMSI number must be programmed, refer to section 7.3.2 Programming the MMSI

In order for your ships location to be transmitted a GPS must be connected to the MATRIX, refer to section 4.4 CONNECTION OF GPS WITH NMEA OUTPUT

1. Lift the red spring loaded DISTRESS cover and press the [DISTRESS] key. The “DISTRESS” menu will appear on the LCD.
2. Press and hold the [DISTRESS] key. The radios display will count down (3-2-1) and then transmit the Distress call.
3. When the distress signal is sent, CH70 and “TX” icon will appear on the LCD. After the message has been sent, the radio will sound a Distress Alarm.
4. The transceiver “shadow-watches” for a transmission between CH16 and CH70 until an acknowledgment signal is received. “DISTRESS” and “WAITING” will appear on the LCD.
5. If an acknowledgement is received, select channel 16 and advise your distress situation.
6. If no acknowledgment is received, the distress call is repeated in 4 minute intervals until an acknowledgment is received.
7. When a DSC Distress acknowledgment is received, a distress alarm sounds and channel 16 is automatically selected. The LCD shows the MMSI of the ship responding to your distress.

- RECEIVED ACK: acknowledgment signal is received.
- RECEIVED RLY: relay signal is received from another vessel or coast station.

8. To cancel the DSC distress alarm signal from the speaker, press any key.

**Cancel a DSC Distress Call**

If a DSC Distress call was sent by error the *MATRIX* allows you to send a message to other vessels to cancel the Distress Call that was made in error.

Press the [CALL/SET] key, turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “CANCEL.” Then, press the [CALL/SET] key or turn off the radio.

**7.5.2 Receiving a DSC Distress Call**

1. A distress call is received. An emergency alarm sounds. Then channel 16 is automatically selected.
2. Press any key to stop the alarm.
3. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to change the display to show the position of the vessel in distress.
4. If the position of the vessel distress data does not include position, the LCD will show the display on the left.

**NOTE**

You must continue monitoring channel 16 as a coast station may require assistance in the rescue attempt.
7.6 ALL SHIPS CALL

The All Ships Call function allows contact to be established with other vessel stations without having their ID in the individual calling directory. Also, priority for the call can be designated as Urgency or Safety.

URGENCY Call: This type of call is used when a vessel may not truly be in distress, but have a potential problem that may lead to a distress situation. This call is the same as saying PAN PAN PAN on channel 16.

SAFETY Call: Used to transmit boating safety information to other vessels. This message usually contains information about an overdue boat, debris in the water. Loss of a navigation aid or an important meteorological message. This call is the same as saying Sécurité” Sécurité” Sécurité’.

7.6.1 Transmitting an All Ships Call

2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “ALL SHIPS.”
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key. (To cancel, turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “EXIT.”)
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select the nature of call (“URGENCY” or “SAFETY”).
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to transmit the selected type of all ships DSC call.
6. After the ALL SHIPS CALL is transmitted, the transceiver will switch to CH16.
7. Listen to the channel to make sure it is not busy, then key the microphone and say PAN PAN PAN or Sécurité” Sécurité” Sécurité depending on the priority of the call. Then announce your call sign and announce the channel you wish to switch to for communications.
7.6.2 Receiving an All Ships Call
1. When an all ships call is received, an emergency alarm sounds.
   The radio will automatically change to channel 16.
2. Press any key to stop the alarm.
3. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to see the MMSI of the vessel transmitting the All Ships Call.
4. Monitor channel 16 or traffic channel until the URGENCY voice communication is completed.

7.7 INDIVIDUAL CALL
This feature allows the MATRIX to contact another vessel with a DSC VHF radio and automatically switch the receiving radio to a desired communications channel. This feature is similar to calling a vessel on CH16 and requesting to go to another channel (switching to the channel is private between the two stations).

7.7.1 Setting up the Individual / Position Call Directory
The MATRIX has a DSC directory that allows you to store a vessel or person names and the MMSI number associated with vessels you wish to transmit Individual calls, Position Requests and Position Send transmissions.

To transmit an Individual call you must program this directory with information of the persons you wish to call, similar to a cellular phones telephone directory.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “DSC SETUP” menu.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “INDIV DIR” with the CHANNEL selector knob.
4. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “ADD” with the CHANNEL selector knob.
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
6. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to scroll through the first letter of the name of the vessel or person you want to reference in the directory.
7. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the first letter in the name and step to the next letter to the right.
8. Repeat step 6 and 7 until the name is complete. The name can consist of up to eleven characters, if you do not use all eleven characters press the [CALL/SET] key to move to the next space. This method can also be used to enter a blank space in the name. To clear the previous letter, press the [H/L] key.

9. After the eleventh letter or space has been entered, press the [CALL/SET] key to advance to the MMSI (Maritime Mobile Service Identity Number) number entry.

10. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to scroll through numbers, 0-9. To enter the desired number and move one space to the right press the [CALL/SET] key. Repeat this procedure until all nine space of the MMSI number are entered.

11. If a mistake was made entering in the name or the MMSI number repeat pressing the [CALL/SET] key until the wrong character is selected, then move the channel knob to correct the entry.

12. To store the data entered, press and hold the [CALL/SET] key.

13. To enter another individual address, repeat steps 4 through 13.

14. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

**NOTE**

Selecting “NEXT” or “EXIT” will automatically save the name and MMSI number into memory.

### 7.7.2 Setting up Individual Reply

Allows setting up the radio to automatically (default setting) or manually respond to a DSC Individual call requesting you to switch to a working channel for voice communications. When Manual is selected the MMSI of the calling vessel is shown allowing you to see who is calling. This function is similar to caller id on a cellular phone.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.

2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “DSC SETUP” menu.

3. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “INDIV REPLY” with the CHANNEL selector knob.

4. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
5. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “AUTO” or “MANUAL.”
6. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected setting.
7. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

### 7.7.3 Setting up Individual Call Ringer

When an Individual call is received the radio will produce a ringing tone for 3 minutes. This selection allows the Individual Call ringer time to be changed.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appear.
2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “DSC SETUP” menu.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “INDIV RING” with the CHANNEL selector knob.
4. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
5. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select ringing time of a Individual Call.
6. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected setting.
7. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.
7.7.4 Transmitting an Individual Call
This feature allows the user to contact another vessel with a DSC radio. This feature is similar to calling a vessel on CH16 and requesting to go to another channel. Select the traffic channel for voice communication.

2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “INDIVIDUAL.” (To cancel, select “EXIT” with the CHANNEL selector knob or press the [16/9] key.)
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select the “Individual” you want to contact.
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to transmit the individual DSC signal.
6. After INDIVIDUAL CALL is transmitted, the transceiver will wait 8 seconds for the acknowledgment. If the reply signal is not received, the transceiver will transmit again.
7. After the second INDIVIDUAL CALL is transmitted, if the reply signal is not received, the dot matrix area of the LCD will display “SEND” to prompt the user to send the call again or exit the mode.
8. When an individual call acknowledgment is received, the established channel is automatically selected and a ringing tone sounds.
9. Press the [CALL/SET] key to listen to the channel to make sure it is not busy, then key the microphone and call the other vessel you desire to communicate with.
7.7.5 Receiving an Individual Call
When receiving an individual call, an acknowledgment must be sent back to the calling station. The MATRIX default setting is Automatic, but has a selection that allows you to manually send a reply before the radio will switch to the requested calling channel. This selection is useful if you want to see who is calling and requesting you to switch to a channel for communications, similar to caller id on a cellular phone.

1. When an individual call is received, an individual call ringing alarm sounds.
2. Press any key to stop the alarm.
3. Press the PTT on the mic and talk to the calling ship.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to see the MMSI of the vessel calling.

7.7.6 Setting Up the Call Waiting Function
Allows the MATRIX to be setup to reply (ABLE) or set the radio so it transmits a call that advises to the vessel the person is UNABLE to reply to the call at this time. This function is similar to an answering machine. When set up in UNABLE and a individual call is received the individual call from the other vessel is logged in the CALL WAITING directory for you to review and call back at a later time.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “DSC SETUP” menu.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “INDIV ACK” with the CHANNEL selector knob.
4. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
5. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “ABLE” or “UNABLE.”
6. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected setting.
7. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.
7.8 ADVANCED DSC CALLS

7.8.1 Group Call

This feature allows the user to contact a group of specific vessels (example members of a yacht club) using DSC radios with Group call function to automatically switch to a desired channel for voice communications.

7.8.1.1 Setup a Group Call

For this function to operate the same Group MMSI must be programmed into all the DSC VHF radios within the group of vessels that will be using this feature. The group MMSI is a 9 digit (first digit permanently set to “0”) that will allow other radios to call your vessel along with others to automatically switch to a working channel for voice communications. This function is very useful for yacht clubs and vessels traveling together that want to collectively make announcements on a predetermined channel.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “DSC SETUP” menu.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “GROUP DIR” with the CHANNEL selector knob.
4. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “ADD” with the CHANNEL selector knob.
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
6. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to scroll through the first letter of the name of the group you want to reference in the directory.
7. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the first letter in the name. Press the [CALL/SET] key to move the cursor one space to the right.
8. Repeat step 6 and 7 until the name is complete. The name can consist of up to eleven characters, if you do not use all eleven characters press the [CALL/SET] key to move to the next space. This method can also be used to enter a blank space in the name. To clear the previous letter, press the [H/L] key.
9. After the eleventh letter or space has been entered, press the [CALL/SET] key to advance to the GROUP MMSI (Maritime Mobile Service Identity Number) number entry.
10. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to scroll through numbers, 0-9.

11. To enter the desired number and move one space to the right press the [CALL/SET] key. Repeat procedure until all nine spaces of MMSI number are entered.

12. If a mistake was made entering in the name or the MMSI number repeat pressing the [CALL/SET] key until the wrong character is selected, then move the CHANNEL selector knob to correct the entry.

13. To store the data entered, press and hold the [CALL/SET] key.

14. To enter another individual address, repeat steps 4 through 13.

15. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

7.8.1.2 Transmitting a Group Call

1. Select the desired channel to use Group Call for voice communications.


3. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “GROUP.” (To cancel, select “EXIT” with the CHANNEL selector knob or press [16/9] key.)

4. Press the [CALL/SET] key. The transceiver will beep, and the “Group directory” will appear.

5. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select the “Group” you want to contact.

6. Press the [CALL/SET] key to transmit the Group Call signal.

7. When the Group Call signal is sent, the dot-matrix area of the LCD will be as shown in the illustration at the right.

8. After the GROUP CALL is transmitted, all the radios in the group will switch to the designated channel.

9. Listen to the channel to make sure it is not busy, then key the microphone and call the other vessels you desire to communicate with.
7.8.1.3 Receiving a Group Call
1. When a group call is received, the MATRIX will produce a ringing alarm sound.
2. The radio automatically switches to the requested channel.
3. Press any key to stop the alarm.
4. Monitor the channel for the person calling the Group for a message.
5. If you want to respond, monitor the channel to make sure it is clear, then press the PTT on the mic and talk to the calling ship(s).

NOTE
After a Group call is received, the time the call was made and the ships MMSI or vessels name will appear on the LCD.

7.8.2 Position Request
Advancements in DSC have made it possible to poll the location of another vessel and show the position of that vessel on the display of the MATRIX. Standard Horizon has taken this feature one step further, if any Standard Horizon GPS is connected to the MATRIX, the polled position of the vessel is shown on the display of the GPS chart plotter making it easy to navigate to the location of the polled vessel. This is a great feature for anyone wanting to know the position of another vessel. For example you buddy that is catching fish, or finding the location of a person you are cruising with.

NOTE
The other vessel must have an operating GPS receiver connected to its DSC transceiver and must not have its transceiver set to deny position requests. (Refer the section 7.9 to enter information into the individual directory).
7.8.2.1 Setting up Position Reply
The **MATRIX** can be set up to automatically or manually send your position to another vessel. This selection is important if you are concerned about someone polling the position of your vessel that you may not want to. In the manual mode you will see the MMSI or persons name shown on the display allowing you to choose to send your position to the requesting vessel.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appear.
2. Turn the **CHANNEL** selector knob to select “DSC SETUP” menu.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “POS REPLY” with the **CHANNEL** selector knob.
4. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
5. Turn the **CHANNEL** selector knob to select “AUTO” or “MANUAL.” In “AUTO” mode, after a DSC POS Request is received, the radio will automatically transmit your vessels position. In “MANUAL” mode, the display of the **MATRIX** will show who is requesting the position.
6. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected setting.
7. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

7.8.2.2 Transmitting a Position Request to Another Vessel

**NOTE**

To transmit a Position Request, you must setup the **MATRIX** DSC Individual / Position Call Directory with the name of the vessel(s) or person and the MMSI of the DSC radio you wish to poll. To setup this directory refer to section 12.1 Setting up the Individual / Position Call Directory

1. Press the [CALL/SET] key. The “DSC OPERATION” menu will appear in the display.
2. Turn the **CHANNEL** selector knob to select the “POS REQUEST.”
3. Press [CALL/SET] key to show the Position request directory. This directory uses the INDIVIDUAL Directory information.
4. Turn the **CHANNEL** selector knob to select a name.
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to transmit the position request DSC call.
6. After a DSC position request is transmitted, the transceiver remains on channel 70 until position data is received from the polled vessel.
7. When the MATRIX receives the position from the polled vessel it is shown on the radio display and also transferred to the GPS Chart plotter.
8. If the MATRIX does not receive a reply, the LCD will display “SEND” to prompt the user to send the call again or exit the mode.

NOTE

If the MATRIX does not receive position data from the polled vessel, the LCD will show “NO POSITION DATA.”

7.8.2.3 Receiving a Position Request
When a position request call is received from another vessel, a ringing alarm will sound and POS REQUEST will be show in the LCD. Operation and transceiver function differs depending on “POS REPLY” in the “DSC SETUP” menu setting.

Automatically reply:
1. When a position request call is received, a calling alarm sounds 4 times. Then requested position coordinates are transmitted automatically to the vessel requesting your vessels position.
2. To exit from position request display, press any key.

Manually reply:
1. When a position request call is received from another vessel, the LCD will be as shown in the illustration at the right.
2. A ringing alarm sounds 4 times. Then select type of reply function “REPLY” or “NO REPLY” by using the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. The MATRIX display will show “REPLY” or “NO REPLY” allowing you choose to send your vessels location by using the CHANNEL selector knob.
4. When “REPLY” is selected, press the [CALL/SET] key. And the your position will be transmitted to the requesting vessel.

5. To exit from position request display, press any key.

7.8.3 Position Send
The feature is similar to Position Request, however instead of requesting a position of another vessel this function allows you to send your position to another vessel. Your vessel must have an operating GPS receiver connected for the MATRIX to send the position.

NOTE
To transmit a Position Send Call, you must setup the MATRIX DSC Individual / Position Call Directory with the name of the vessel(s) or person and the MMSI of the DSC radio you wish to send your position to. To setup this directory refer to section 7.7.1 Setting up the Individual / Position Call Directory.

7.8.3.1 Transmitting a DSC Position Send Call
1. Press the [CALL/SET] key. The “DSC OPERATION” menu will appear in the display.
2. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select the “POS SEND.”
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key to select the Individual directory.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select a name in the directory.
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to send your position to the selected vessel.
6. After your position is transmitted, the resend menu will appear. To send your position again, select “SEND” and press the [CALL/SET] key.
7. To exit the mode, select “EXIT” and press the [CALL/SET] key.
7.8.3.2 Receiving a DSC Position Send Call
When another vessel transmits their vessels location to the MATRIX the following will happen:

1. A ringing sound will be produced when the call is received.
2. Press the [16/9] key to stop ringing
3. The position from the vessel sending it's position will be shown on the display of the radio and also transferred to any Standard Horizon GPS Chart plotter if connected.
8 RADIO SETUP

NOTE
The optional RAM+ MIC CMP25 can be also change the SETUP menu. Refer to page 54 for details.

8.1 LAMP ADJUSTING
Allows setting up the backlight intensity or to turn it off.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “LAMP” in the “RADIO SETUP” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select the desired level. When “OFF” is selected, the lamp is extinguished.
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected level.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

8.2 LCD CONTRAST
Due to varying mounting (overhead or below) this selection sets up the display for best viewability.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “CONTRAST” in the “RADIO SETUP” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select the desired level. The contrast level can be set from “1” to “7.”
5. Press the the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected level.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.
8.3 TIME OFFSET
Sets the time offset between local time and UTC (time GPS sends to radio). Time is displayed when GPS position (LAT/LON) is displayed by pressing the [H/L] key.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “TIME SET” in the “RADIO SETUP” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select time offset from UTC. See illustration below to find your offset time from UTC. If “0:00” is assigned, the time is the same as UTC (Universal Time Coordinated or GMT Greenwich Mean Time).
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the time offset.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

OFFSET TIME TABLE
8.4 KEY BEEP (ON/OFF)
This selection allows the beep tone when a key is pressed to be turned off.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “KEY BEEP” in the “RADIO SETUP” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “ON” or “OFF.”
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to set the key beep condition.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.

NOTE
Emergency alarm and beeps for DSC operation cannot be turned OFF.

8.5 WX ALERT (ON/OFF)
This selection allows the radios NOAA Weather alert to be turned off. Default setting is ON.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “WX ALERT” in the “RADIO SETUP” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “ON” or “OFF.”
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected setting.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.
8.6 VOICE SCRAMBLER
(Operates only when the optional CVS2500 is installed)
This menu is used to setup the channels to be scrambled and the scrambler code.

NOTE
This menu will not appear unless a CVS2500 is installed.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key then select “SCRAMBLER” in the “RADIO SETUP” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key then select “CODE” in the “SCRAMBLER” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
4. Press the [CALL/SET] key then turn the CHANNEL selector knob to change the scrambler code. The scrambler code can be set from “0” to “3” and “OFF.” When “OFF” is selected the voice scrambler is disabled.
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected code.
6. Select “CHANNEL” in the “SCRAMBLER” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob, then press the [CALL/SET] key.
7. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to change the Scrambler channel.
8. Press the [SCAN] key to store the selected channel. Repeat steps 6 and 7 to set other channels.
9. Press the [CALL/SET] key to return to the “SCRAMBLER” menu.
10. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.
8.7 CHANNEL NAMING
This selection allows you to customize the name of a channel from the default name.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appear.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “CH NAME” in the “RADIO SETUP” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select the channel to be named and press the [CALL/SET] key.
5. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob scroll through the alphabet and 0 - 9.
6. Press the [CALL/SET] key to enter the desired letter and move the cursor one space to the right.
7. Repeat procedure until the name is complete. The name can consist of up to twelve characters. If you do not use all twelve character, press the [CALL/SET] key to move to the next space. To clear the previous letter, press the [H/L] key.
8. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key to enter the name and exit from the “CH NAME” menu. The LCD will return to the “SETUP” menu.
9. If you want to enter the name of another channel, repeat steps 3 through 8.
10. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.
8.8 TRUE MAGNETIC CHANGE (NAV display)
Allows customizing the GPS COG (Course Over Ground) displayed on the LCD to be in True or Magnetic.

1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appear.
2. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select “TRUE MAG” in the “RADIO SETUP” menu with the CHANNEL selector knob.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
4. Turn the CHANNEL selector knob to select “MAGNETIC” or “TRUE.”
5. Press the [CALL/SET] key to store the selected setting.
6. To exit this menu and return to radio operation mode press the [16/9] key.
9 RAM+ MIC OPERATION

If the enhanced optional RAM+ Mic (CMP25) is connected to the remote microphone connector on the transceiver’s rear panel, the transceiver can use the remote control operation except for a few functions. The RAM+ Mic supplied with 23 feet (7 m) of routing cable and can be extended up to 70 feet (21 m) using three 23 feet extension cables model CT-100. The intercom operation can be used between the RAM+ Mic and the transceiver.

9.1 RAM+ MIC CONTROLS

1 SQUELCH CONTROL (SQL)
Activates the squelch adjusting mode.
Press this key to activate the squelch adjusting mode. Press the microphone’s [▲] or [▼] key to adjust the squelch. When this key is pressed and held down for 1 second or more, the squelch is turned off.
VOLUME KEY (VOL)
Activates the volume adjusting mode.
Press this key to activate the volume adjusting mode. Press the microphone’s [▲] or [▼] to adjust the volume.

POWER SWITCH (PWR)
Press and hold down this key to turn to the transceiver and RAM+ Mic on and off.

PTT (Push-To-Talk) SWITCH
Activates transmission.

[H/L] KEY
Toggles between high and low power. When the [H/L] key is pressed while the transceiver is on channel 13 or 67, the power will temporarily switch from LO to HI power until the PTT is released. The [H/L] key does not function on transmit inhibited and low power only channels.

[▲](UP)/[▼](DOWN) KEY
These keys are used to select channels, adjusts the volume and squelch level, and to choose the item selection of different functions (such as the DSC operation). In many ways, these keys emulate the function of the transceiver’s CHANNEL selector knob.

[16/9] KEY
Immediately recalls channel 16 from any channel location. Holding down this key recalls channel 9. Pressing the [16/9] key reverts to the previous selected working channel.

Secondary use
Please see secondary use for the [WX] and [MEM] key.

KEY PAD
[SCAN] Key
1. Starts and stops scanning of programmed channels.
2. If held while the [UP(▲)] or [DOWN(▼)] key on the microphone are pressed or CHANNEL selector knob on radio is turned, the radio will show the channels programmed in scan memory. This function will not work if the unit is scanning.

NOTE: The priority channel is channel 16 only.
[CALL/SET] Key
The [CALL/SET] key functions as the enter key.

Secondary use
Press the [CALL/SET] key to access the DSC OPERATION menu.
Press and hold the [CALL/SET] key to access the SETUP menu.

[DW] Key
Watches for a transmission on CH16 and another selected channel until either signal is received. (Dual watch)

**NOTE:** When the DSC SCANNING feature is enabled (see section 7.15 DSC SCAN), the radio watches for a transmission on CH16, another selected channel, and **CH70** until either signal is received (Triple watch).

Secondary use
Press and hold [DW] key, intercom operation will operate between radio and RAM Mic.

[NAV] Key
Press and hold this key, when connected to the GPS receiver, the LCD displays Position Data, Time, SOG (Speed Over Ground), and COG (Course Over Ground) from the GPS.

[WX] Key
Immediately recalls the previously selected NOAA weather channel from any channel location.

Secondary use
1. Holding down the [16/9] key while pressing the [WX] key changes the mode from USA to International or Canadian.
   **NOTE:** If position is displayed, this icon will be hidden.
2. Holding down the [WX] and [SCAN] key while turning the power on resets the microprocessor and erases scan channels from memory. This clears the memory and establishes the factory-set defaults. For a list of these defaults, see the section on Resetting the Transceiver’s Microprocessor.

[DISTRESS] KEY
Used to send a DSC Distress Call. To send the distress call:
1. Lift the red rubber cover.
2. Press and hold the Red button. The RAM+ display will count down (3-2-1) and then transmit the Distress call.
3. When the distress signal is sent, Ch70 and “TX” icon
will appear on the LCD. After the message has been sent, the radio will sound a Distress Alarm.

4. The transceiver “shadow-watches” for a transmission on CH16 or CH70 until an acknowledgment signal is received. “DISTRESS” and “WAITING” will appear on the LCD.

5. If an acknowledgement is received, select channel 16 and advise your distress situation.

6. If no acknowledgment is received, the distress call is repeated in 4 minute intervals until an acknowledgment is received.

7. When a DSC Distress acknowledgment is received, a distress alarm sounds and channel 16 is automatically selected. The LCD shows the MMSI of the ship responding to your distress.

RECEIVED ACK: acknowledgment signal is received.
RECEIVED RLY: relay signal is received from another vessel or coast station.

8. To cancel the DSC distress alarm signal from the speaker, press any key.

9.2 INTERCOM OPERATION

9.2.1 Communication

1. Press and hold the [DW] key while in the “RADIO” mode, the mode is changed to “INTERCOM” mode. If press the [DW] key again the mode will revert to “RADIO” mode.

2. When the “INTERCOM” operation is activated, “IC” is displayed on the RAM+ Mic and “INTERCOM” is displayed on the MATRIX.

3. Press the PTT switch. The “TALK” is displayed.

**NOTE:** A warning beep is emitted when the RAM+ Mic PTT switch is pressed while the transceiver microphone’s PTT switch is pressed.

4. Speak slowly and clearly into the microphone, hold the microphone about 1/2 inch away from your mouth.

5. When finished, release the PTT switch.
9.2.2 Calling
Hold down the [DW] key for 1 second or more, when the “INTERCOM” operation is activated. A calling beep is emitted twice from the transceiver speaker.

9.3 DSC/RADIO SETUP MODE
The CMP25 can access the DSC / RADIO setup menu (refer to section 7 “DSC/RADIO SETUP” for details). However, the LAMP, CONTRAST, and KEY BEEP menu item which is accessed from the CMP25 only controls the CMP25’s display and speaker.

DSC/RADIO Setup mode from the CMP25:
1. Press and hold down the [CALL/SET] key until “RADIO SETUP” menu appears.
2. Press the [▲]/[▼] key to select “RADIO SET” or “DSC SETUP” menu.
3. Press the [CALL/SET] key, then select the menu item you wish to work on by pressing the [▲]/[▼] key.
4. Press the [CALL/SET] key.
5. Press the [▲]/[▼] key to change the value or condition for the menu item, then press the [CALL/SET] key to save the new setting.
6. Press the [▲]/[▼] key to select “EXIT,” then press the [CALL/SET] key to return to the normal operation.
**10 MAINTENANCE**

The inherent quality of the solid-state components used in this transceiver will provide many years of continuous use. Taking the following precautions will prevent damage to the transceiver.

- Keep the microphone connected or the jack covered at all times to prevent corrosion of electrical contacts;
- Never key the microphone unless an antenna or suitable dummy load is connected to the transceiver.
- Ensure that the supply voltage to the transceiver does not exceed 16 VDC or fall below 11 VDC.
- Use only STANDARD HORIZON-approved accessories and replacement parts.

In the unlikely event of serious problems, please contact your Dealer or our repair facility. Address and phone numbers for this facility, as well as warranty information, are contained in section 12 WARRANTY.

**10.1 REPLACEMENT PARTS**

Occasionally an owner needs a replacement mounting bracket or knob. These can be ordered from our Parts Department by writing or calling:

**Marine Division of Vertex Standard**

US Headquarters
10900 Walker Street, Cypress, CA 90630, U.S.A.
Telephone (714) 827-7600

Commonly requested parts, and their part numbers are listed below.

- **Power Code**: T9023306
- **Dust Cover**: RA516700
- **VOL/SQL Knob Assy**: RA0422200
- **Rotary Channel Knob**: RA0491800
- **Mounting Bracket (White)**: RA0516800
- **Mounting Bracket Knob (White)**: RA043770A
- **Mounting Bracket (Black)**: RA0520100
- **Mounting Bracket Knob (Black)**: RA045910A
- **Microphone Hanger (White)**: RA0436000
- **Microphone Hanger (Black)**: RA0458800
10.2 FACTORY SERVICE

In the unlikely event that the radio fails to perform or needs servicing, please contact the following:

Standard Horizon
Attention Marine Repair Department
10900 Walker Street
Cypress, CA 90630
Telephone (800) 366-4566

An “RA” Return Authorization number is not necessary to send a product in for service. Include a brief note describing the problem along with your name, return address, phone number, and proof of purchase.
## 10.3 TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMPTOM</th>
<th>PROBABLE CAUSE</th>
<th>REMEDY</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| Transceiver fails to power up.                                         | No DC voltage to the transceiver, or blown fuse. | a. Check the 12VDC battery connections and the fuse.  
b. The **VOL/PWR** knob needs to be pressed and held to turn the radio on. |
| Transceiver blows fuse when connected to power supply.                 | **Reversed power wires.**       | Check the power cable for DC voltage, or replace the fuse (6A 250V). Make sure the red wire is connected to the positive (+) battery post, and the black wire is connected to the negative (-) battery post. If the fuse still blows, contact your Dealer. |
| Popping or whining noise from the speaker while engine runs.           | Engine noise.                   | Reroute the DC power cables away from the engine. Add noise suppressor on power cable. Change to resistive spark plug wires and/or add an alternator whine filter. |
| Sound is not emitted from the external speaker.                       | **Accessory cable.**            | Check the connections of the accessory cable.                         |
| Receiving station report low transmit power, even with transceiver set to HI power. | Antenna.                       | Have the antenna checked or test the transceiver with another antenna. If the problem persists, contact your Dealer for servicing. |
| “HI BATTERY” or “LO BATTERY” message is appeared when the power is turned on. | The power supply voltage is too high or too low. | Confirm that the connected power supply voltage is not 17 volts or lower than 10 volts. Confirm that the generator has not malfunctioned. |
| Your position is not displayed.                                       | **Accessory cable.**            | Check the accessory cable connection.  
Some GPS use the battery ground line for NMEA connection. |
|                                                                       | Setting of the GPS navigation receiver. | Check the output signal format of the GPS navigation receiver. This radio requires NMEA0183 format with GLL sentence as an output signal. If the GPS has a baud rate setting make sure to select 4800 and parity to NONE. |
11. CHANNEL ASSIGNMENTS

Tables on the following columns list the VHF Marine Channel assignments for U.S.A. and International use. Below are listed some data about the charts.

1. VTS. Where indicated, these channels are part of the U.S. Coast Guard’s Vessel Traffic System.

2. Alpha channel numbers, that is, channel numbers followed by the letter A (such as Channel 07A) are simplex channels on the U.S.A. or Canadian channel assignments whose counterparts in the International assignments are duplex channels. International channels do not use “alpha” numbers. If you call the Coast Guard on Channel 16, they will sometimes ask you to “go to channel 22 Alpha.” This is a channel assigned to U.S.A. and Canadian Coast Guards for handling distress and other calls. If your radio is set for International operation you will go to Channel 22 instead of 22A, and will not be able to communicate with the Coast Guard. To use Channel 22A, your radio must be set for USA or Canada operation, usually by a U/I/C (USA/International/Canada) control or combination of controls. Channel 22 (without an “A”) is an International duplex channel for port operations. Some radios indicate an “A” adjacent to the alpha channels on the display; on others “alpha” is not indicated but the proper channel is selected based on the U/I/C setting.

3. Bridge-to-Bridge channels (for example, Channel 13) are for use by bridge operators on intercoastal waterways and rivers. It is also used by marine vessels in the vicinity of these bridges for navigation and for communicating with the bridge operators. Note that a limit of 1 Watt is specified for these channels. See page 27 for additional information.

4. The S/D column on the chart indicates either S (simplex) or D (duplex). Simplex means transmitting and receiving on the same frequency. Only one party at a time can talk, unlike a telephone. Be sure to say “over” and release your microphone push-to-talk switch at the end of each transmission. Duplex operation involves the use of one frequency for transmitting and a separate frequency for receiving. On channels specified as duplex on the charts, correct mode of operation is established automatically by your radio when you select a channel; you cannot change the mode. And you still must release the push-to-talk switch after each transmission in order to listen to the radio.
5. Channels normally used by recreational boaters are those that include the term “non-commercial” in the **Channel Use** column of the chart. Some of these are shared with other users and some are used only in certain geographic regions.

6. **Marine vessels equipped with VHF radios are required to monitor Channel 16.**

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<tr>
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<th>I</th>
<th>S/D</th>
<th>TX</th>
<th>RX</th>
<th><strong>CHANNEL USE</strong></th>
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The above BOLD channels are not for use of the general public in U.S. waters, unless proper authorization is given.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Channel designator</th>
<th>Carrier frequency (MHz)</th>
<th>Carrier frequency (MHz)</th>
<th>Points of communication (Intership and between coast and ship unless otherwise indicated)</th>
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<tr>
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<td>Ship transmit</td>
<td>Coast transmit</td>
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<td>Port Operations</td>
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<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>156.525</td>
<td>156.525</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1: 156.050 MHz and 156.175 MHz are available for port operations and commercial communications purposes when used only within the U.S. Coast Guard designated Vessel Traffic Services (VTS) area of New Orleans, on the lower Mississippi River from the various pass entrances in the Gulf of Mexico to Devil’s Swamp Light at River Mile 242.4 above head of passes near Baton Rouge.

2: 156.250 MHz is available for port operations communications use only within the U.S. Coast Guard designated VTS radio protection areas of New Orleans and Houston described in Sec. 80.383. 156.250 MHz is available for intership port operations communications used only within the area of Los Angeles and Long Beach harbors, within a 25-nautical mile radius of Point Fermin, California.

3: 156.550 MHz, 156.600 MHz and 156.700 MHz are available in the U.S. Coast Guard designated port areas only for VTS communications and in the Great Lakes available primarily for communications relating to the movement of ships in sectors designated by the St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation or the U.S. Coast Guard. The use of these frequencies outside VTS and ship movement sector protected areas is permitted provided they cause no interference to VTS and ship movement communications in their respective designated sectors.
4: Use of 156.875 MHz is limited to communications with pilots regarding the movement and docking of ships. Normal output power must not exceed 1 watt.

5: 156.375 MHz and 156.650 MHz are available primarily for intership navigational communications. These frequencies are available between coast and ship on a secondary basis when used on or in the vicinity of locks or drawbridges. Normal output power must not exceed 1 watt. Maximum output power must not exceed 10 watts for coast stations or 25 watts for ship stations.

6: On the Great Lakes, in addition to bridge-to-bridge communications, 156.650 MHz is available for vessel control purposes in established vessel traffic systems. 156.650 MHz is not available for use in the Mississippi River from South Pass Lighted Whistle Buoy “2” and Southwest Pass entrance Midchannel Lighted Whistle Buoy to mile 242.4 above Head of Passes near Baton Rouge. Additionally, it is not available for use in the Mississippi River-Gulf Outlet, the Mississippi River-Gulf Outlet Canal, and the Inner Harbor Navigational Canal, except to aid the transition from these areas.

7: Use of 156.375 MHz is available for navigational communications only in the Mississippi River from South Pass Lighted Whistle Buoy “2” and Southwest Pass entrance Mid-channel Lighted Whistle Buoy to mile 242.4 above head of Passes near Baton Rouge, and in addition over the full length of the Mississippi River-Gulf Outlet Canal from entrance to its junction with the Inner Harbor Navigation Canal, and over the full length of the Inner Harbor Navigation Canal from its junction with the Mississippi River to its entry to Lake Pontchartrain at the New Seabrook vehicular bridge.

8: Within 120 km (75 miles) of the United States/Canada border, in the area of the Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca and its approaches, 157.425 MHz is half of the duplex pair designated as Channel 88. In this area, Channel 88 is available to ship stations for communications with public coast stations only. More than 120 km (75 miles) from the United States/Canada border in the area of the Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca, its approaches, the Great Lakes, and the St. Lawrence Seaway, 157.425 MHz is available for intership and commercial communications. Outside Puget Sound area and its approaches and the Great Lakes, 157.425 MHz is also available for communications between commercial fishing vessels and associated aircraft while engaged in commercial fishing activities.

9: When the frequency 156.850 MHz is authorized, it may be used additionally for search and rescue training exercises conducted by state or local governments.

10: The frequency 156.850 MHz is additionally available to coast stations on the Great Lakes for transmission of scheduled Coded Marine Weather Forecasts (MAFOR), Great Lakes Weather Broadcast (LAWEB) and unscheduled Notices to Mariners or Bulletins. F3C and J3C emissions are permitted. Coast Stations on the Great Lakes must cease weather broadcasts which cause interference to stations operating on 156.800 MHz until the interference problem is resolved.

11: The frequency 157.100 MHz is authorized for search and rescue training exercises by state or local government in conjunction with U.S. Coast Guard stations. Prior U.S. Coast Guard approval is required. Use must cease immediately on U.S. Coast Guard request.

12: The duplex pair for channel 20 (157.000/161.600 MHz) may be used for ship to coast station communications.

13: Available for assignment to coast stations, the use of which is in accord with an agreed program, for the broadcast of information to ship stations concerning the environmental conditions in which vessels operate, i.e., weather; sea conditions; time signals; notices to mariners; and hazards to navigation.

14: Available only in the Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca.

15: The frequency 156.525 MHz is to be used exclusively for distress, safety and calling using digital selective calling techniques. No other uses are permitted.

16: The frequency 156.450 MHz is available for intership, ship and coast general purpose calling by noncommercial vessels, such as recreational boats and private coast stations.

17: The frequency 156.425 MHz is assigned by rule to private coast stations in Alaska for facsimile transmissions as well as voice communications.
12. WARRANTY

Marine Products Limited Warranty

STANDARD HORIZON (a division of VERTEX STANDARD) warrants, to the original purchaser only, each new Marine Communications Product (“Product”) manufactured and/or supplied by STANDARD HORIZON against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of time from the date of purchase as follows:

Fixed Mount and Portable Transceivers
- 1 year - if purchased before 01/01/91
- 3 years - if purchased between 01/01/91 and 01/01/94
- 3 years Waterproof - if purchased after 01/01/94

Loud hailers
- 1 year - if purchased before 01/01/91
- 3 years - if purchased after 01/01/91

Associated Chargers
- 1 year - if purchased before 01/01/91
- 3 years - if purchased after 01/01/91

Associated Batteries - 18 months. Note: Batteries will be deemed defective only if storage capacity drops below 80% of rated capacity or if leakage develops.


To receive warranty service, the purchaser must deliver the Product, transportation and insurance prepaid, to STANDARD HORIZON (a division of VERTEX STANDARD), Attention Marine repairs 10900 Walker Street, Cypress CA 90630. Include proof of purchase indicating model, serial number, and date of purchase. STANDARD HORIZON will return the Product to the purchaser freight prepaid. Products purchased prior to January 1, 1991 will bear the STANDARD HORIZON warranty terms in effect prior to that date.

In the event of a defect, malfunction or failure of the Product during the warranty period, STANDARD HORIZON’s liability for any breach of contract or any breach of express or implied warranties in connection with the sale of Products shall be limited solely to repair or replacement, at its option, of the Product or part(s) therein which, upon examination by STANDARD HORIZON...
ZON, appear to be defective or not up to factory specifications. STANDARD HORIZON may, at its option, repair or replace parts or subassemblies with new or reconditioned parts and subassemblies. Parts thus repaired or replaced are warranted for the balance of the original applicable warranty.

STANDARD HORIZON will not warrant installation, maintenance or service of the Products. In all instances, STANDARD HORIZON’s liability for damages shall not exceed the purchase price of the defective Product.

This warranty only extends to Products sold within the 50 States of the United States of America and the District of Columbia.

STANDARD HORIZON will pay all labor to repair the product and replacement parts charges incurred in providing the warranty service except where purchaser abuse or other qualifying exceptions exist. The purchaser must pay any transportation expenses incurred in returning the Product to STANDARD HORIZON for service.

This limited warranty does not extend to any Product which has been subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, incorrect wiring by anyone other than STANDARD HORIZON, improper installation, or subjected to use in violation of instructions furnished by STANDARD HORIZON, nor does this warranty extend to Products on which the serial number has been removed, defaced, or changed. STANDARD HORIZON cannot be responsible in any way for ancillary equipment not furnished by STANDARD HORIZON which is attached to or used in connection with STANDARD HORIZON’s Products, or for the operation of the Product with any ancillary equipment, and all such equipment is expressly excluded from this warranty. STANDARD HORIZON disclaims liability for range, coverage, or operation of the Product and ancillary equipment as a whole under this warranty. STANDARD HORIZON reserves the right to make changes or improvements in Products, during subsequent production, without incurring the obligation to install such changes or improvements on previously manufactured Products.

The implied warranties which the law imposes on the sale of this Product are expressly LIMITED, in duration, to the time period specified above. STANDARD HORIZON shall not be liable under any circumstances for consequential damages resulting from the use and operation of this Product, or from the breach of this LIMITED WARRANTY, any implied warranties, or any contract with STANDARD HORIZON. IN CONNECTION WITH THE SALE OF ITS PRODUCTS, STANDARD HORIZON MAKES NO WARRAN-
TIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED AS TO THE MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, or limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply. This warranty gives specific legal rights, and there may be other rights which may vary from state to state.

ONLY PRODUCTS SOLD ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 1991 ARE COVERED UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY.
ON-LINE WARRANTY REGISTRATION

THANK YOU for buying STANDARD HORIZON (a division of Vertex Standard) products! We are confident your new radio will serve your needs for many years!

Please visit www.standardhorizon.com to register the MATRIX Marine VHF. It should be noted that visiting the Web site from time to time may be beneficial to you, as new products are released they will appear on the STANDARD HORIZON Web site. Also a statement regarding product support should be added to the manual.

Product Support Inquiries

If you have any questions or comments regarding the use of the MATRIX, you can visit the STANDARD HORIZON Web site to send an E-Mail or contact the Product Support team at (714) 827-7600 ext 6300 M-F 7:00-5:00PST.

In addition to the warranty, STANDARD HORIZON includes a lifetime “flat rate” program to provide service after the warranty period has expired. If you wish to obtain the flat rate price for out-of-warranty repair, you must include the information on the Owner’s Record with the unit when you return it to your Dealer or to STANDARD HORIZON.

Lifetime Flat Rate Service Program: For the original Owner only, for the lifetime of the unit, STANDARD HORIZON will repair the unit to original specifications.

Note: The flat rate amount is payable by the Owner only if STANDARD HORIZON or the STANDARD HORIZON Dealer determines that a repair is needed. After the repair, a 90-day warranty will be in effect from the date of return of the unit to the Owner.

This service program is not available for equipment which has failed as a result of neglect, accident, breakage, misuse, improper installation or modification, or water damage (depending on the product).
13 SPECIFICATIONS

Performance specifications are nominal, unless otherwise indicated, and are subject to change without notice.

13.1 GENERAL

Channels ............................................ All USA, International and Canadian
Input Voltage ................................................... 13.8 VDC ±20%
Current Drain

Standby ........................................................... 0.5 A
Receive .............................................................. 1.5 A
Transmit ......................................................... 5.0 A (Hi); 1.5 A (Lo)

Dimensions .................................................. 3-1/4” H x 7-1/4” W x 6-5/16” D
(83 H x 184 W x 135 D mm)
Flush-Mount Dimensions .................................. 2-5/8” H x 6-5/8” W x 5-1/8” D
(67 H x 168 W x 130 D mm)

Weight ...................................................................... 2.2 lbs (1 kg)

13.2 TRANSMITTER

Frequency Range ............................................ 156.025 to 157.425 MHz
RF Output ......................................................... 25 W (Hi); 1 W (Lo)
Conducted Spurious Emissions .................................... 80 dB (Hi); 60 dB (Lo)
Audio Response .................................................. within +1/-3 of a 6 dB/octave
pre-emphasis characteristic at 300 to 3000 Hz
Audio Distortion .......................................................... 5 %
Modulation ......................................................... 16K0G3E, for DSC 16K0G2B
Frequency Stability (-20°C to +50°C) ......................... ±0.0005%
FM Hum and Noise ................................................... 50 dB

13.3 RECEIVER

Frequency Range ............................................ 156.050 to 163.275 MHz
Sensitivity

20 dB Quieting .................................................... 0.35 µV
12 dB SINAD ........................................................ 0.25 µV
Squelch Sensitivity (Threshold) .................................. 0.13 µV
Modulation Acceptance Bandwidth ......................... ±7.5 kHz
Selectivity

Spurious and Image Rejection .................................. -70 dB
Intermodulation and Rejection at 12 dB SINAD ............. -70 dB
Audio Output ....................................................... 4 W
Audio Response ........................................... within +2/-8 of a 6 dB/octave
de-emphasis characteristic at 300 to 3000 Hz
Frequency Stability (-20°C to +50°C) ......................... ±0.0005 %
Channel Spacing .................................................. 25 kHz
DSC Format ......................................................... RTCMSC101
NMEA Input/Output ........................................... Output - DSC, DSE
Input - GLL, GGA, RMC and GNS